THE DAILY GAZETTE,
PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING,
(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)
PENNIMAN, REED & CO.,
Proprietors,
J. B. PENNIMAN,.....JOSIAH KING,
T. P. HOUSTON,.....N. P. REED,
Editors, Business Managers.
OFFICE, GAZETTE BUILDING.
Nos. 84 and 86 FIFTH STREET.
Leading Republican Paper of Western Pennsylvania.
OFFICIAL PAPER OF PITTSBURGH AND ALLEGHENY CITY.
LARGEST, CHEAPEST and BEST FAMILY and COMMERCIAL PAPER in the State.
TERMS OF THE DAILY:
Single copy..... 3 cents.
Delivered by carriers per week... 15 "
Mail Subscribers, per year.....$6.00
Address, GAZETTE,
PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

# Pittsburgh Gazette.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1786

VOLUME LXXXII. PITTSBURGH, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 27, 1867. NUMBER 299.

THE WEEKLY GAZETTE
TWO EDITIONS,
WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.
A large sheet, containing FORTY COLUMNS of interesting reading matter, including leading Editorials, latest News by Telegraph and Mail, valuable Reading Matter for the Family, and fullest and most reliable Financial and Commercial Market Reports given by any paper in the city. No Farmer, Mechanic or Merchant should be without it.
TERMS FOR THE WEEKLY GAZETTE:
Single Subscriber,.....$1.50
Clubs of Five,.....7.50
Clubs of Ten,.....14.00
—And one copy of paper to the person getting up the club. Additions to clubs can be made at any time, at club rates.
NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.—In ordering your paper, be sure and specify what edition you want, as we issue a Wednesday edition for subscribers having but one mail a week.
☞ Money by Draft, Express, Money Orders, or in Registered Letters, may be sent at our risk.
Address, GAZETTE,
PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

## The Pittsburgh Gazette

### SHIPMENT OF COAL.

The rise in the rivers has afforded ample opportunity to our coalmen for getting out an immense quantity of black diamonds with which to gladden the hearts and answer the prayers of good friends below, at Cincinnati, Louisville and other points. While the rivers have kept up with full channels, the weather has been mild and balmy and highly favorable to navigation. The ice which wickedly swept down from the upper points of the Allegheny river a day or two ago, and threatened the boats on the Ohio, has disappeared and no danger on that score need be anticipated. With great care we have prepared the following tabular statement of the coal now on its way down the winding Ohio, to cheer thousands of families who, entertaining the unpleasant belief that a fuel famine was forthcoming, have been husbanding their scanty supplies of coal. When this large fleet reaches market and our dealers return with the money realized from the sale, and by discharging their obligations throw nearly all of the vast amount into circulation, our merchants, manufacturers and mechanics will experience much brighter times than they have been enjoying for many months past. In presenting the following statement of shipments thus far made, it may be proper to observe that there yet remains a very considerable quantity of coal in barges and boats on the upper pools of the Monongahela, which will probably reach the Ohio before the rivers recede.

| Name of boat. | Destination. | Bushels. |
|---|---|---|
| Little Ships, | Cincinnati, | 60,000 |
| Clipper, | " | 50,000 |
| Eagle, | " | 60,000 |
| Hyland, | Louisville, | 60,000 |
| Arion, | " | 50,000 |
| O. H. Crosby, | Cincinnati, | 60,000 |
| Langdon, | Louisville, | 70,000 |
| Lioness, | " | 90,000 |
| Mail Route, | Louisville, | 60,000 |
| Fred Wilson, | " | 65,000 |
| N. J. Bigley, | " | 90,000 |
| Sarah, | Cincinnati, | 70,000 |
| V. F. Wilson, | " | 70,000 |
| Fearless, | " | 70,000 |
| Warner, | Louisville, | 90,000 |
| Hornet, | " | 90,000 |
| Lion, | Cincinnati, | 90,000 |
| Star, Wood, | Louisville, | 70,000 |
| Whale, | Cincinnati, | 100,000 |
| Navarra, | " | 90,000 |
| Radio, | Louisville, | 90,000 |
| Coal City, | Cincinnati, | 170,000 |
| Tom Parker, | Louisville, | 60,000 |
| Tom Fairley, | Cincinnati, | 55,000 |
| Bengal Tiger, | Louisville, | 75,000 |
| Catalone, | Cincinnati, | 70,000 |
| Coal Valley, | " | 100,000 |
| Dick Fulton No. 3, | " | 90,000 |
| J. S. Owens, | Louisville, | 90,000 |
| Tom Rees, | Madison, | 70,000 |
| Coal Hill, | Cincinnati, | 90,000 |
| Lake Erie No. 5, | " | 90,000 |
| Tigress, | Louisville, | 90,000 |
| Belfast, | Cincinnati, | 90,000 |
| Brookville, | Louisville, | 60,000 |
| Diamond, | Louisville, | 90,000 |
| A. J. Baker, | Louisville, | 100,000 |
| Gipsey, | Louisville, | 65,000 |
| Venture, | " | 65,000 |
| Bentonian, | " | 90,000 |
| Stella, | Vicksburg, | 120,000 |
| Ella, | Louisville, | 70,000 |
| Mary Ann, | " | 90,000 |
| Dart, | " | 50,000 |
| Resolute, | Cincinnati, | 80,000 |
| FLOATING BOATS. | | |
| Sam Clark, 2 pairs, | | 80,000 |
| J. Sharp McDonald, 1 pair, | | 40,000 |
| Jas. A. Fox, 1 pair, | | 40,000 |
| Nut Coal, | | 20,000 |
| Total, | | 3,391,000 |

Computing the coal to be worth in the markets below at least fifteen cents per bushel, a very low estimate, the value of the above shipment will reach $338,620. In moving this vast field of fuel nearly four hundred barges were employed, in addition to the steamboats and tugs cited above.

OF THE fifty-eight distilleries represented by delegates in the National Whisky Convention that recently assembled at Washington, thirty-two have been detected in frauds upon the revenue. It requires no small amount of impudence for such men to set up publicly as advisers of Congress in the matter of excise duties.

A PUBLIC MEETING will be held at Chicago to-night to endorse the position of the recent Manufacturers' Convention at Cleveland, that the exemption of domestic manufactures from taxation is necessary to the revival of business prosperity.

HON. LEMUEL TODD, of Carlisle, has been chosen orator for the occasion of the second annual re-union of the Pennsylvania Reserve Association, to be held at Pittsburgh, May 30, 1868.

REV. DR. DE WITT, of Harrisburg, died in that city on Monday, in the 76th year of his age.

## NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

—At Charleston, S. C., on the 24th, the steamer Raleigh took fire and was destroyed. A number of persons were saved. The following persons were lost: Henry Paivin, chief steward; Thomas Brannon, pantry-man; Martin, a boy; William Welsh, a boy of New Orleans; Joshua Silvernail, coal passer; D. Sachs, fireman; Thomas Burns, messenger. The fate of several, including Captain Marshman, is up to this time unknown.

—An Atlanta, (Ga.,) correspondent says: One of the largest and wealthiest merchants in the city, told me this morning that since the passage by the Convention of the temporary ordinance prohibiting the levy of executions and sale of property, he has not been able to collect a hundred dollars, and that business except a little retail trade, is practically dead throughout the State. A number of agents of Northern merchants' whole sale houses are here, looking as black as a thunder cloud. They are not collecting a dime. Compared with the present financial condition of the State, that of this time last year was prosperity. It never was such stagnation and utter want of confidence. Credit is dead and buried.

—The rumors relative to the reduction of the regular army are entirely unfounded. General Grant has not recommended any such measure. On the contrary, he stated in his communication to the Committee on Military Affairs a short time ago, that he did not think a reduction of the force at the present time at all advisable.

—General Grant reports that the balance due from Southern railroad companies to the United States, November 1, 1867, including interest, was $1,881,500.

—The remains of General Griffin, who died in Texas of yellow fever, while in command of the Fifth Military District, arrived in New York yesterday.

—Robert T. Lincoln, son of the late President, is in Washington, the guest of Secretary Wells.

—The story about the removal of Gen. Pope, and the appointment of Gen. Meade as his successor, is discredited.

—An interesting and romantic case which has been before the Louisville, Ky., Chancery Court for two years, was decided on the 13th. Paul Donelli emigrated from Milan, Austrian Italy, to Kentucky, many years ago, and left two brothers in Milan, one of whom died, whereupon the other brother married the widow, an illegal act, according to the church and Austrian law. The issue of this, however, took place, privately, in Switzerland, where it was lawful. The wife soon gave birth to a daughter, who was put in an orphan asylum for a time, and afterwards reclaimed by her parents. Afterward Paul paid a visit to Milan, where he seemed much pleased with the girl, called her his niece, and urged her father to adopt her. This was done after Milan came under the authority of the Italian Government. Two years ago Paul died, leaving no children. His estate was divided among his brother and their heirs, and the question came up whether the girl above mentioned should have her share. The case has been decided in her favor.

—Joseph, son of Mr. Henry Smootz, who lives in the Shenandoah, accidentally shot himself while hunting rabbit, on Tuesday. He was found not far from his father's residence, on Wednesday morning. His failure to return home on Tuesday evening did not excite any uneasiness, as it was believed he had gone to a neighbor's to stay all night. He was shot through the heart, and his death must have been instantaneous.

## SOUTHERN ITEMS.

—Bishop John's Memoir of the late Bishop Meade will be published in February next.

—A music teacher named Davenport was found murdered near Okolona, Miss., about two weeks ago.

—Several single gentlemen of Warrenton, Va., have organized a mutual expense Club, rented a house, and gone regularly to housekeeping.

—The Raymond (Hinds County, Miss.) *Gazette* says there is quite a stream of negroes going towards Vicksburg, at least three to one who return.

—General J. D. Imboden announce that he is prepared to furnish to the people of Virginia white laborers and home servants from the North or direct from Europe.

—The Presbyterians of Southwestern Virginia who are generally up with other denominations in laudable enterprises, are agitating the subject of putting up a Female College at Abingdon.

—One of the members of the Louisiana Convention was a cook in the famous Washington Artillery, while that splendid company were quartered on Mary's Height, Va., during the war.

—A meeting is called for at Natchez to devise means to relieve the debilitate condition of the County of Adams, Miss., once so rich, prosperous, plentiful and happy. What a change is this?

—The Winchester (Va.,) *News* says: "Population is pouring in upon us, chiefly from Southern Pennsylvania. These folks are generally of the right stripe, and come to farm our lands."

—Woodlawn, a portion of the estate of the late Judge John Webb Tyler, situated in Prince William county, Va., has been disposed of privately to Mr. Delaware Davis, of New Jersey, at $20 per acre.

—The Thibodaux (La) *Sentinel* says that sugar planting barely pays expenses; indeed it thinks many planters will finish a balance against them. Rice has done better, while oranges and bananas are becoming profitable.

—General Maltby, the military appointed Mayor of Vicksburgh, has died. He was one of those officers of the United States Army who have earned alike the applause of his own side and the respect and kind regards of his opponents.

—The *Nation's Virginian* says, so happen to know that movements are on foot by which the whole power of the German press in the Atlantic States will be brought to bear in favor of immigration to the Southern States, and Virginia especially.

—The *North Mississippian* of the 6th, tells of a most horrible murder committed by a Methodist preacher, named Briggs, a young man from near Decatur, Alabama, on a Mr. Noah and his wife and a Mr. DeGraffenried. He killed them with a billet of wood.

—The Methodist preacher Briggs, who killed two men and a woman, Fuller-ville, Alabama, was a lunatic who had been released as cured. He committed the triple murder with an ax handle. The victims were all aged persons in the house where he was staying.

—A man named Coburn was killed on Friday week near Florence, Ala., by a party of Tennessean who were hunting stolen mules. They passed him on the road, and he immediately commenced shooting at them, when they returned the fire with fatal effect. Before he died he told where the mules could be found.

—Governor Humphrey refuses to accept the resignation of Judges Clark and Elliott, of the High Supreme) Court of Mississippi, as their resignation would make it necessary to select men who could take the test oath, and there are so few lawyers in the State who can do so without perjury, he deems it improper to permit them to resign.

—On Sunday before last, while several children were playing around the gin house and in the cotton seed, near Moorefield, Ala., one of Mr. C. M. Crane's little girls was smothered to death before the others could extricate her from the seed. The children were playing before in the piles of seed and then crawling in, and as she was under the pile it gave way and fell on her.

—The Vicksburg *Herald* says the Counties of Washington, Bolivar, and Isaquena are in a more destitute condition than any portion of the country. The planters generally have utterly failed in their corn and cotton crops, and are unable to pay any price for labor for the coming year, and the poor negroes are offering to work throughout the coming year for food and clothes, and in many instances they propose to work for food alone.

—E. W. Acker, a member of Captain Crisp's theatrical company, at Atlanta, felt aggrieved last week, because his name did not appear in the bills as prominently as he thought was his due. On Friday he indignantly upbraided Mrs. Crisp about the matter. Her son-in-law, W. P. Mobley, followed him out, and demanded an apology, instead of which Acker produced a pistol and shot him seriously in the hip. The actor was arrested.

## FOREIGN ITEMS.

—Madame Frigard, the condemned murderess of Fontainebleau forest, has given birth to twins, a son and daughter. She has shocked the prison authorities by demanding that her daughter should receive the name of the assassinated Madame Mertens, and her son that of Ouiley, (Willie,) who, she says, seduced her and murdered Madame Mertens.

—The genealogy of the Tudor family, remarks a Frenchman, is very remarkable. One of the family, when Noah was in his ark, solicited permission to enter, but, as the ark was full, h's request was refused. "Take my genealogy at any rate," cried the man, who threw it into the ark, and then slid from the plant on which he was floating and died happy.

—The Paris *Opinion National*, an anti-clerical paper, complains of the blasphemies constantly committed by the ultramontane papers in Paris. It says Christ never performed halfas many miracles as the ultramontane journals assert were brought about by little amulets blessed by the Pope during the short Mentana campaign. The Figaro adds that St. Chassepot did more wonders than the Holy Father during that short campaign.

—Victor Hugo pays three times as much tax as all the citizens of Guernsey. His literary fortune is estimated at two millions of francs. When he came to Jersey in 1852, he was not worth twenty thousand francs. He demands half a million francs for the manuscript of his romance, "Quatrevingts-treize," which is nearly completed. Verboeckhaven, Lacroix & Co., of Paris and Brussels, have offered him four hundred thousand francs, the sum paid for "Les Miserables," but the poet always fixes the prices of his works, and will, doubtless, get it this time, too. He, himself, said, recently, that, in 1863, Paris booksellers offered him together several million francs for a series of novels, and that he might have easily have earned that sum if, like some French authors, he had cared more for money than his literary reputation.

—Letort is the name of the Parisian money-broker who recently extricated the Prince of Wales from a very unpleasant scrape. The Prince was incognito in Paris, and had bought of a jeweler three diamonds and bracelets, worth about fifty thousand francs, which he presented to a good-looking member of the *demi-monde*. He then went to the Cercle des Etrangers, played at baccarat, and lost every franc he had with him. Next morning the jeweler came to him and wanted his money. As the Prince told him that he would send him his sum from London, the jeweler waxed wroth, and threatened to sue the Prince and seize the jewelry in the hands of the *coroitte*. The Prince was at a loss how to procure the money, as he was in Paris contrary to his mother's wishes, and he was overjoyed at the offer which the above-named broker made to advance the fifty thousand francs.

—A great sensation has been created in Denmark by the scandalous particulars recently published about the antecedents of the notorious Countess Danner, the widow of the late King Frederick the Seventh. It appears from these details that the Countess Danner was the issue of an incestuous union, her father being brother and sister. She is a native of Rhenish Prussia, and as a young girl was distinguished alike for her surpassing beauty and her somewhat dissolute life. After giving birth to an illegitimate child, she married a wealthy burgher at Muhlheim, near Cologne, on the Rhine, and her beauty soon attracted large numbers of travelers to her husband's hotel, which was generally known as the "Hotel of the beautiful landlady." One day a Danish artist from Copenhagen stopped there, and was so smitten with her charms that he laid seige to her heart and prevailed on her to elope with him to Denmark. At Copenhagen, Crown Prince Frederick saw and loved her, but she turned a deaf ear to his application until he heroically promised to marry her. He did so in 1850, three years after he had ascended the throne. It is believed that she was never divorced from her husband, the Muhlheim tavern keeper. King Frederick the Seventh was so exceedingly fond of her that he oftentimes declared that he would abdicate his crown rather than give her up.

# FIRST EDITION.

## MIDNIGHT.

## FROM EUROPE.

### Expected Fenian Uprising.

### Preparations to Meet It

### Government Precautions Unnecessary.

### The War in Abyssinia

### The "Times" Grumbles at Delay.

### New Minister to the United States.

### Suicide of an American Journalist.

### The Italian Question.

### More French Troops for Italy.

### *Intelligence from China—The Rebels Successful.*

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

GREAT BRITAIN.

PRECAUTIONS AGAINST FENIAN PLANS—UNUSUAL PREPARATIONS.

LONDON, Dec. 25.—The precautions of the Government against Fenians continue. Very extensive and unusual preparations have been made to-day, which indicate that the authorities are in possession of information that a general attempt is to be made by Fenians to rescue prisoners confined in various parts of the United Kingdom for complicity in the late outrages in England and Ireland. In addition to the regular police force, special constables are everywhere on duty, and other precautionary measures have been adopted by the Government, which it is hoped will result in the preservation of order.

ABYSSINIAN WAR.

The *Times* has an editorial on the Abyssinian war, which, it fears, will be protracted until next year. It blames Sir Wm. Napier, Commander of the British forces, for the delays which the expedition has encountered, and says nothing of consequence can be done during the present season.

NOTE FROM RUSSIA.

The Russian Government has addressed a note to the Government of France, protesting earnestly against the shifting policy of the latter on Eastern question.

THE EXPECTED FENIAN "RISE."

LONDON, Dec. 26.—The expected rising of Fenians yesterday did not occur, and the day was one of tranquility and good feeling. The extraordinary measures of caution taken by the Government to guard against lawlessness were apparently unnecessary.

NEW EMBASSADOR TO UNITED STATES.

LONDON, December 26.—Mr. Edward Thornton, newly appointed Minister of Great Britain to Washington, will sail in a few days for America to enter upon the duties of his mission.

FRANCE.

SUICIDE OF A JOURNALIST.

PARIS, Dec. 26.—E. Gould Buffom, an old American journalist, committed suicide here day before yesterday by taking opium.

TROOPS FOR ITALY.

PARIS, Dec. 26.—The report that the French Expeditionary Corps remaining in Italy is to be reinforced is confirmed this morning by the *Patrie* newspaper, which states the French Government has issued orders for the departure of twenty thousand more troops for Civita Vecchia.

CHINA.

SUCCESS OF THE REBELS.

LONDON, Dec. 25.—Advices from China by the overland mail and telegraph report the rebels meeting with success in their operations against the Imperial Government.

Forage was scarce at various Chinese ports and exchange on England had declined.

ARRIVED OUT.

QUEENSTOWN, Dec. 25.—The steamship Etna, from New York, has arrived.

FRANKFORT, Dec. 25.—U. S. bonds 76⅞.

## FOREIGN NEWS BY STEAMER.

### Press Comments on the Roman Question—Napoleon's Resolution to Pronounce for the Pope—Debate in the French Legislature on the German Policy—English Baronet Arrested for Bigamy—Empress Carlotta, &c.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, Dec. 26.—The steamer City of Antwerp, with European dates to the 12th inst., arrived last nigh .

The Paris correspondent of the London *Globe* says the resolution of the Emperor to pronounce for the Pope must have been taken very suddenly. In the speeches delivered by the Minister of Foreign Affairs, Marquis de Moustier, both in the Senate and Corps Legislatif, there was nothing to indicate any likelihood of its being adopted, the conciliation of Rome and Italy being the theme he dwelt on. Italy will, of course, become a fierce enemy of France, and the three great powers, whose good-will here the Government seeks, and of whose forbearance he has need—England, Prussia and Russia—will to some extent at least be estranged.

The London *Globe*, speaking of the Napoleon policy towards Italy, says: "The new resolution taken by the Emperor will be productive of evil. It will increase the unpopularity of the Empress Espagnolet, as the French people call her, as her Majesty is known to take a very active part in political affairs, and, like most women of her nation, is a very ardent papist. She will be held to be responsible for what has been done in the "Corps Legislatif". As the new diplomacy of the Emperor has been characterized as "Spanish," and is in truth more Spanish than French, it is not surprising that the people should ascribe it to the "Espagnole" who sits on the throne."

The French Legislative debate on the general policy of Napoleon was exceedingly animated, the opposition being quite bold. M. Garnier Pages asserted that France was left alone in Europe, with every nationality and people against her, and the United States had also been alienated from her.

Sir Cullen Eardley, an English Baronet, was arrested on a charge of bigamy preferred against him by the fashionable named McGee, whom it is alleged he married in Calvary Church, New York, prior to a marriage contracted by him in Europe.

The London *Times* remarks that the commercial letters from leading houses in Paris express strong feeling in favor of the present course of the Italian Government, and great regret and indignation at the recent violent ebullition on the part of M. Rouher.

The *Times* says it is expected that the King of Italy intends abdicating, and that Prince Humbert will appeal to the country to support him in a national war with France.

The French army of Lyons was in readiness to move.

A letter from Florence says Mazzini is very ill at Lugano, and but slight hopes were entertained of his recovery.

The Turin *Gazette* brings the first echo produced in Italy by the words of M. Rouher . the Legislative body. According to that journal the Italian Government ought immediately to break all diplomatic relation with France, on pain of being charged with treason to monarchial principle.

From the financial statement laid before the Italian Parliament, it appears the ordinary and extraordinary expenditure for 1868 is estimated at 982,882,415, and the revenue at 796,912,728.

On December 8th the Pope had a slight fainting fit, while at mass in Sistine Chapel.

Frequent Councils of the Bourbon partisians are held at Farnese Palace, Rome, under the presidency of the Marquis Dulia.

In the Prussian Chamber of Deputies the order of the day was discussion on the alleged violation of the Prussian frontier by the Russian authorities. The Government Commissioner declared this matter was not within the competence of the Prussian Chamber of Deputies, but of that of the Reichsrath of Northern Germany.

The ex-Empress Carlotta of Mexico went from the Chateau of Lacken to the Palace at Brussells, breakfasted with the Royal family, and subsequently took a long drive on the Boulevards with the Queen of Belgium.

## CANADA.

### A Fenian Scare—Expected Rising on Christmas Day.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

MONTREAL, December 26.—Some uneasiness was occasioned here yesterday by reports, which have been in circulation for some time past, of the proposed Fenian uprising on Christmas day, and of a scheme to blow up the English Cathedral. Threatening letters were received by the police authorities, and as a matter of precaution men were sent to guard the water works and troops kept in readiness to move when called upon. Nothing of an unusual character, however, occurred to disturb the festivities of the day.

## GENERAL NEWS.

—It is estimated that nearly seventy thousand females in New York and Brooklyn earn their own and others living by honest toil. Fourteen hundred are compositors in printing offices.

—The ceiling of the Representatives Hall, in the Indiana State House, fell on Saturday night, damaging the hall to the extent of $10,000. An effort is being made to have the whole building condemned.

—Prominent among the measures to be submitted to the Missouri Legislature in January is a bill to regulate "the social evil," by licensing bawdy houses, and it is said that a large sum is being made up by the "fancy" to lobby the bill through to help the movement.

—It is announced that the pay of operatives in the cotton factory at Augusta, Maine, has been cut down ten per cent. In Lewiston, Me., the Androscoggin lumber was cut that the market is largely overstocked. The saw mills are shut down, and little or no timber will be cut this season, thus throwing large numbers of men out of employment.

—Skaters are, by a recent Yankee invention, to be made comfortable. A "warm skate" has been invented. In a slot in the skate-shock is inserted a square bit of soap-stone, and a hole in the fire. It retains warmth for some hours, and keeps the skater's foot in a comfortable condition—a sort of portable stove, so to speak.

—Any person who has a capital C in his name cannot be President of the United States. See the number of great statesmen who have been beaten as candidates—Clinton, Calhoun, Clay, Pinckney, DeWitt Clinton, William H. Crawford, Henry Clay, Lewis Cass, John C. Fremont, John C. Breckenridge, George B. McClellan, (and other names,) J. C. Calhoun, Simon Cameron, J. J. Crittenden, S. P. Chase, S. Colfax and others.

—Hon. Eugene Casserly, the new United States Senator from California, is a native of this city, about forty-two years of age. His father was here eminent as a teacher, and the son received an excellent education. He early became a Democratic politician of the Van Buren school, and was an active, determined champion of the Free Soil movement in 1847-8. He migrated to California about 1853, and for some time an editor in San Francisco; then reverted to the practice of the law, having been admitted to the bar of our city some years before he left us. He has considerable ability, and a man of unblemished character. We speak of him as he was ere he left us for the Pacific State, but presume there has been no essential change in him.—*N. Y. Herald*.

—The Buffalo (N. Y.) *Courier* says: A day or two since an old gentleman, Mr. Alanson Palmer, now in his dotage, but in his time one of the wealthiest men in Buffalo, who used to drive through our streets with his coach and four, and who dispensed charity with a liberal hand and entertained his friends with princely hospitality, was brought before police court, poor, thinly clad, and emaciated in person, charged with petit larceny in stealing a shirt from a young man. Justice Vanderpool, not considering the mental and bodily condition of the old man, dismissed the case. Yesterday this aged man—with not one of those who, in his day of prosperity, partook of his hospitality or received his bounty, to pity his condition, or administer to his sufferings—was sent to the poor house as a vagrant for four months.

—Those who know Dickens best acknowledge that with all his genius he is something of a snob. Some years ago, when Greeley was in England, he took with him a warm letter of introduction to the great novelist from a mutual friend in New York. This letter Greely left at the editorial rooms of Dickens' magazine, Dickens, instead of calling upon him, strangely enough responded through a note, asking Greely to drop in upon him, at the office of *All the Year Round*, whenever he could make it convenient. Of course Mr. Greeley never visited him, after so marked a breach of courtesy nor has he called upon Dickens since his arrival in America. This anecdote may be matched with another no less noted English novelist, Lytton Bulwer, Longfellow visited London when he was young and comparatively obscure. He bore a letter of introduction to Bulwer from Lewis Gaylord Clark. Calling at Bulwer's residence, he sent in the novelist upon the steps just going out, and there presented his letter. Bulwer barely glanced at the signature —said testily: "Mr. Clark has no such acquaintance with literary people as to introduce any one," and then coolly walked away, English clear enough.

—We see it announced that application is to be made to the next session of the New Jersey Legislature for the charter of a company to construct a ship canal from Camden to Little Egg Harbor or Mullica River, near South Bank or Tuckerton, a distance of fifty miles, the line lying through a level and a flat country. There is sufficient water in the Mullica at the point touched to float vessels passing the canal. The distance to New York would be shortened one hundred miles for vessels having to pass the Delaware, and the coasting trade with eastern cities would be benefited by shortening the trips of vessels. Vessels bound for Europe, from the trip around Cape Island. Besides this, considerable inland business would naturally spring up on the line, and the products of the land would find a ready market. It is believed now that the cost of constructing such a canal can be so restricted that good profits can be secured for the investment of capital. It is proposed to complete it in two or three years. If the New Jersey Legislature grants the charter, as it undoubtedly will, the matter will come before the public with specifications enough to estimate the costs and probable revenue, and so to determine the feasibility of the enterprise. When completed, the profits will accrue first to New Jersey, then to Philadelphia, and then to New York and all downeast.

## FACETIÆ.

What is the difference between a hungry man and a pilgrim? One longs to eat and the other eats too long.

Whom did Robinson Crusoe meet on the desert island? A *great swell*, and a little *cove* running inland.

Why is a fashionable young lady like a Sunday school teacher? Because she knows so many bonnets.

Wisdom is an open fountain, whose waters are not to be sealed up, but kept running for the benefit of all.

Human nature is so constituted that all see and judge better in the affairs of other men than in their own.

When one heard a woman with pretty ankles and whole stockings, complain of wet sidewalks or muddy crossings?

The young lady who called at a bookstore for *Drake on Attachments*, was disappointed to find it a work on book.

What is the difference between an editor and his wife? One sets articles to rights, and one writes articles to set.

He who dreads giving light to the people is like a man who builds a house without windows for fear of the sunshine.

—"Wesee," said Swift, in one of his most sarcastic moods, "what God thinks of riches, by the people he gives them to."

Open your heart to sympathy, but close it to despondency. The flower which opens to receive the dew, shuts against rain.

A man sets his son to studying law, because he said he was such a tricky little rascal, and he wanted to humor his chief talent.

Passion is a keen observer, but a wicked reasoner. It is like the telescope, whose field is clearer the more concentrated it is.

# SECOND EDITION.

## THREE O'CLOCK A. M.

## FROM WASHINGTON.

### Disbandment Order Revoked.

### A Duel on the Tapis.

### Homicide by a Negro.

### Bank Receiver Appointed.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

WASHINGTON, Dec 26.

AN ORDER SUSPENDED.

Gen. Grant, with the assent of the President, has suspended the order for the disbandment of the irregular military organizations in the District of Columbia, the leaders thereof having by his request agreed to take advantage of the militia laws.

CODE DUELLO.

A duel is on the tapis between a Major General and an Ex-Captain of the Army of the Potomac, arising from a quarrel at the opera on Monday night. The Captain claims to have been insulted and has challenged the General.

HOMICIDE BY A NEGRO.

Last night while three white men were turning a corner in the First ward, one of them ran against a colored man, who, in company with a colored woman, was going in an opposite direction. The colored man resented the act, and drew his revolver at the white man, who today died from the effects of the wound. The murderer has escaped.

BANK RECEIVER APPOINTED.

Judge Underwood, who several days ago decided that the deed of trust in the case of the Merchants Bank of Baltimore vs. the Bank of the Valley of Virginia was invalid, to-day appointed Hamilton G. Foute, of Richmond, Receiver, to take charge of the assets of the latter bank. The assets are over a million dollars.

## NEW YORK.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, December 26, 1867.

DESTRUCTION OF THE RALEIGH.

Livingston, Fox & Co. this morning received a telegram from the Purser of the Raleigh, destroyed by fire at Charleston, S. C., announcing the safety of a second boat, containing thirteen persons. The names of the passengers and crew saved are: Alfred Mann, Oliver ——, forty-five persons all told on board, of whom thirty-one are thus far reported saved. The loss by the burning of the Raleigh is reported to be $400,000 to $500,000. The vessel was worth about $175,000, and was partly insured.

PLUNDER RECOVERED.

$3,083,455.61 in checks and drafts stolen from the messenger of the bank of the State of New York, on the 18th inst., were received by Police Superintendent Kennedy yesterday as a Christmas present and returned to the bank. Eighteen of the thieves are now in the sole fruits of the robbery to the perpetrators.

LICENSE ORDINANCE.

The Board of Aldermen to-day adopted a municipal excise and liquor ordinance, which imposes a line of one hundred dollars on all dealers who fail to take out licenses from the Mayor.

CAR ACCIDENT.

Samuel Bowles, of Chicago, while leaving a Third Avenue car last night, was thrown to the ground, fracturing his right leg.

## NEW ORLEANS.

### Louisiana Reconstruction Convention.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW ORLEANS, December 26.—The Convention occupied the day in considering the report of the Committee appointed to draft a Constitution. Both the majority and minority reports were laid upon the same time. The following, which was the second article of the minority report, was adopted as the first article of the Constitution by a vote of fifty-two to forty-five:

"All men are created free and equal, and have certain inalienable rights. Among these are life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness. To secure these rights Governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed."

Messrs. Crawford, Culley and Ludaling opposed the article, stating it would bring ridicule upon the Convention, and work to the prejudice of the State, inasmuch, it embodied in the Constitution, that the latter being unexpected, was doubtless an agreeable surprise, and was received with becoming modesty by the Mr. McClelland and his estimable lady.

Ladies purchasing New Year's presents of a useful as well as ornamental cearacter, will remember that a large stock of fresh goods in the way of laces, linen and woolen goods, trimmings, notions, jewelry boxes, and fancy articles generally, is now offered at greatly reduced rates, by Macrum & Carlisle, No. 19 Fifth street.

Superintendent Chosen.—Mr. John McDonald, of Allegheny, has been chosen to superintend the erection of the county Poor House.

## CITY AND SUBURBAN.

### CHRISTMAS.

**Christmas Jubilee—The Orphans.**

The Sunday School of Grace Evangelical Lutheran Church, Birmingham, held its annual jubilee on Christmas evening, the church being crowded on the occasion to its utmost capacity with the scholars, their parents and friends, and decorated most appropriately. A huge Christmas tree occupied one corner, and was the source of unbounded pleasure and gratification to the younger portion of the school.

Under the direction of the energetic and devoted pastor, Rev. H. W. Roth, a plode has been introduced in this Sabbath School of collecting money for the Orphans, which, while it may not realize more in the way of money than might be obtained otherwise, yet in establishing a great principle with the youth it cannot but be productive of much good. At the beginning of each year small boxes, prepared for the purpose, are given out to such of the scholars as may desire to take them, in which during the year they place their contributions for the orphans. These boxes are returned with their contents on the coming of Christmas, and the opening and announcement of the amounts thus collected by the scholars is made the occasion for a Jubilee.

This was the object of the assemblage on Christmas evening. Upwards of forty boxes were returned, the amounts they contained footing up the sum of about one hundred and fifty dollars, made up almost entirely of cents, two and five cent pieces, and fractional currency. About an equal sum was contributed by church members and others. Great interest was taken in the proceedings, the church choir adding much to the general enjoyment by excellent singing, and there we will just say that we are informed that the members of this choir evinced an improvement in execution which was highly creditable to them. Beside remarks by the pastor, an interesting and practical character, Rev. W. A. Passavant, present by invitation, and to whom the money contributed was formally presented, in the de ad extremely entertaining address, referring in most beautiful and touching language to the orphans, in whose behalf no man in this or any other community has labored more zealously and self-sacrificingly. Before dismissing, sweetmeats were distributed among the children, purchased out of the amount realized from the jubilee charged for admission to the jubilee.

The amount contributed by this school will be devoted to the Orphans' Home, at Rochester, Pa., under the direction of Rev. H. Reck. At this Home, according to the last report, there were cared for during the last year forty-two orphans, while at the Farm School, at Zelienople, under the direction of Rev. Gotlieb Bassler, there was an equal number.

**Joyous and Happy.**

We were present for a short time at the Christmas festival held for the Mission Sunday School of Trinity (Episcopal) Church, on Thursday evening, in the Sunday School room of the Church. The festival was preceded by appropriate religious services in the Church, in which the Bishop, Rev. Mr. Scarborough, Rector of the Church and Rev. A. A. Kerfoot participated. The Bishop and Mr. Scarborough made brief and touching addresses adapted to the youthful audience. From the Church the children repaired to the Mission Sunday School day School house, proceeding in a very orderly manner, and to the number of about two hundred, divided into classes, each class attended by its teacher. Took seats assigned them. The vision of the children was regaled by the sight of a large Christmas tree some fifteen feet high, its branches extending in every direction, and loaded with various gifts and ornaments and brilliantly illuminated with tiny Chinese lanterns and wax-ed tapers. In front of the tree was a long table covered with all manner of goodies, things, cakes, confections, cornucopia, pocketknives, books, dolls, &c., &c. Before proceeding to distribute this wealth of good things, the superintendent of the Sunday School, Mr. Rabe, addressed the expectant children, the good Rector briefly catechised the class, eliciting answers to the effect that the tree was evergreen, and as such symbolical of Christ, who is ever the same, unchangeable in his love of men and children; that the lights were also symbolical of Christ, who was the light of the world; that the gifts which so profusely embellished the tree were significant also of Divine goodness and mercy. The occasion was thus improved for edification as well as for amusement, and we have never before witnessed a children's Christmas festival so admirably arranged and conducted. Our interest was especially excited in the large assemblage of children by the reflection that they have been gathered from the outlying population, and are now for the first time in their lives receiving intellectual and spiritual culture.

The Guild of Trinity Parish, by whose persistent and systematic co-working this great work is being accomplished, deserves, we think, the thanks of the whole community. The harvest of such labors will be the reclamation of many from vice and its endless entail of evils.

**Sabbath School Re-union.**

The annual Christmas re-union of the Second United Presbyterian and Tenth Ward Mission Sabbath School was held at the Church, on Sixth street, Christmas morning at ten o'clock, Mr. Floyd, Esq., Superintendent of the church school, present. The Church was tastefully decorated with evergreens and appropriate mottoes. Indeed the sacred edifice seemed changed, for the time being, into fabled fairy land. To lighten the effect the light was excluded, and the necessary light supplied by gas jets. Spanning the room was a large device with the inscription, "O give thanks unto the Lord." Mottoes bearing such inscriptions as "A merry Christmas and a happy New Year," and "Glory to God in the Highest," were displayed in profusion. The platform was adorned, with great artistic taste, with wreaths and festoons of evergreen.

Rev. T. H. Hanna, *pastor loci*, offered the opening prayer. Mr. Wm. S. Owens then proceeded to address the children. He was listened to by the large audience with rapt and marked attention. After singing by the children, Rev. J. S. Sands followed in a short address, which seemed to be appreciated by the little folks amazingly. Major Wm. Frew being called upon addressed the children for a few minutes in a very happy and pleasing style. Cheers and laughing eyes told how much the speaker was beloved and his kind words appreciated by the little ones.

Mr. George Sands then proceeded, in a few well-chosen words, to present to the respected Superintendent of the Mission School, Thomas H. Rabe, Esq., two beautiful photographic albums, bearing the following inscription: "Presented to Thos. H. Rabe, Superintendent, by the Teachers of the Tenth Ward Mission Sabbath School." Mr. Sands alluded to the great success attained by the school, and attributed it, under God, to the unwearied perseverance and untiring energy of the Superintendent. He also refer

The Pittsburgh Gazette

FRIDAY, DEC. 27, 1867.

THE Emperor of the French has, so far as his statements go, suddenly changed his plans respecting Rome and the Pope. It is probable, however, that the change was decided upon some time ago; and that the scheme for reorganizing the army was projected in consequen . This change, taken in connection with the development of popular opinion in Italy, does not portend the repose of Europe.

MCKEAN COUNTY, in this State, has large quantities of bituminous coal, of excellent quality for manufacturing gas as well as for other purposes. Some mines have been opened on the line of the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad, and the Erie Railway Company of New York have had their attention called to the matter, and are contemplating putting in a branch from their line to these coal fields, with a view to creating a new source of traffic.

### DEATH OF MR. McCARGO.

After a long and painful illness, Mr. JOHN MCCARGO, City Controller, died yesterday morning, at his residence, 288 Penn street. The deceased held a high place in the estimation of his fellow citizens, and ranked among the ablest. He was born in Pittsburgh, and at the time of his death had attained his forty-first year. He was of Scotch Irish extraction, and partook largely of the peculiarities, strictness, fidelity and honesty of that class of our people. Some years ago he was elected to the City Council—Select branch—where his worth and mental qualities were discovered, and led to his nomination and election to the important municipal office of Controller. The city is largely indebted to his financial abilities for the satisfactory adjustment of the railroad bond difficulties, and likewise for the able manner in which the municipal affairs have been governed during his successive terms of office. His abilities were largely appreciated by all classes of people, and at the recent election he was one of the successful Republican candidates, being re-elected to his office by a handsome majority. His death occasions a vacancy in the office of Controller, to be supplied by City Councils. Besides holding office, Mr. MCCARGO was largely engaged in the marble cutting business, having extensive works on Penn street. His funeral takes place this morning at ten o'clock, and will be attended by both branches of Council and the city officials.

### AMALGAMATION—SOCIAL EQUALITY.

The Rev. Mr. BUTLER, a colored preacher, addressed the Kentucky Colored Convention, a few days ago, in these words:

The future of this country depends, not so much on what party is in power, as it does on the removal of all disabilities; they weigh down its people. Then, and not until then, will the country have peace. We don't ask for social equality. I never saw that white woman yet that looked so well, in my eyes, as a good brown colored woman. And if it wasn't so, we don't need their social equality, because our friends, the white folks, have kindly managed it so that we have every shade to choose from, from the deepest jet black to the purest white. [Laughter.] And, as there are no ladies present, allow me to say that the practice of social equality has not been on our side, but on the part of the whites, who, in their dark and devious ways, were always able, let us charitably suppose, to tell black from white. This social equality has not been sought by us, but they have run after us; and, though we are now emancipated and free, they haven't stopped.

A voice—"We'll stop it when we get the testimony."

Yes, that's so. They had better not come my way, even now. We say to them, let us alone; we don't want any mixture. If they had left me alone I might have known what color I was; but as it is, my greatest trouble is to know my half just right. Don't talk about social equality. If I was a white man in Kentucky I would hide my head; I wouldn't mention it with so many evidences standing around my social equality. We don't want any more of it. Keep on your side of the line and we'll keep on our side, and in the course of time we'll get back where God left us.

There is more fact and sense in these brief paragraphs than in all the declamations of democratic orators and newspapers, touching this subject.

According to the census of 1860 there were 582,782 mulattoes in the United States; of these, 410,557 were slaves. Of the 172,125 who were free, by far the larger part had probably obtained freedom in consideration of the fact that their fathers were white.

Most of this amalgamation was not voluntary on the part of the blacks. It was coerced in consequence of ownership. Nor was much of it sheltered by the sanctity of marriage. A few of the white amalgamators, like Col. RICHARD M. JOHNSON, whom the Democrats elected Vice President, made a wife of the black woman whom he selected to be the mother of his children. But this was a rare instance. The most of these nearly six hundred thousand mulattoes were of illegitimate parentage; and this without the consent of their mothers, in any proper acceptation of the meaning of that word consent. This is not out of the ordinary course of events. Give any man, or any set of men, arbitrary power over their fellow men, and it will certainly result in tyranny. ALEXANDER of Russia was once complimented by being styled a faithful guardian of his subjects. He quickly replied that if he had really earned that distinction his subjects ought to congratulate themselves on the existence of a fortunate accident. Such rulers did not often happen under succession by prescriptive right. Extending this thought farther, it may, with equal cogency, be affirmed that no set of men ever had by law and social usage full and undisputed control of the persons of hundreds or thousands of women, but they abused their power to gratify their lusts; and it has mattered little or nothing what the color of the women has chanced to be.

We have shown that the greater part of this amalgamation was in the Southern States, where the slave-owners and their sycophants were supreme. So far as those States are concerned the Republicans can prove an alibi. They were not there. The Democrats and Conservatives presented such potent inducements that all men of Republican proclivities found it expedient to keep north of the Mason and Dixon's line. If they ventured beyond, Vigilance Committees, equiped with hempen ropes and tar and feathers were certain to be much too earnest in their attentions to render a stay agreeable or safe. It must be admitted, therefore, that the Republicans, if not absolutely, are comparatively exempt from participation in this matter.

But we cannot help directing attention to another point. While there were 416,657 mulattoes in the Southern States, there were, according to the returns of the elections, 434,826 men who voted Democratic tickets. Now we do not insist that either of these aggregates fully explain the other; but, considering all the circumstances, do what we will, the two will come into juxta-position. Nor is this aspect modified, but rather placed in stronger relief, when the facts as to individual States are considered. For instance, in Virginia there were 79,776 mulattoes and 72,413 Democrats; and in Mississippi 20,365 mulattoes and 26,876 Democrats. Proportions so uniform would seem to have a definite relationship, and that not altogether reconcilable, to each other.

We commend, therefore, all northern Democrats and Conservatives, who are afraid that if black men are allowed to vote they will themselves be obliged to marry black women, or at least to have mulatto children by such, to the consoling instructions of our black preacher.

### NEW PUBLICATIONS.

PRINCESS ILSE: A Story of the Harz Mountains. By L. Von Ploennies. Boston: Gould & Lincoln. Pittsburgh: Davis, Clarke & Co.

Louise Von Ploennies was the daughter of Dr. Leisler, a distinguished physician and naturalist, who lived at Hanau. Born in 1803 in 1824 she married Dr. Ploennies, a physician of Darmstadt, whose distinction in his profession gained for him the rank of Medical Counsellor, with whom she lived till his death in 1847, since when she has made her home in Jugenheim, a little place on the so-called Berg Strasse—an elevated and beautiful region of country on the western slopes of the Odenwald, and stretching from Darmstadt to Heidelberg and the Rhine. Towards the close of her married life she entered upon the labors of authorship, sending to press in rapid succession several volumes of poems. She also became favorably known by works of less extent in the department of prose fiction. The tales she has published at different times display the fine qualities of a poetic mind; and especially a genial sense for nature, a fancy lively, and stored with images of grace and beauty, and a ready command of charming poetical diction. Of these tales the Princess Ilse has attained the widest popularity in Germany, where it has passed through twenty-four editions. The scene of the story is in the Harz Mountains—a region famed no less for its natural scenery than for its historic associations and its legendary lore. This region is divided into the Upper and Lower Harz; the Lower, where the scene of the story is laid, exceeds the Upper in natural beauty and historic interest. The celebrated Brocken is the highest point of the Harz. It has reached an eminence in tradition and in literature far higher than in nature, for it is the cradle and the cherished home of some of the most popular German superstitions, and the genius of Goethe has given it an imperishable fame, by a well-known scene in his Faust. In the sombre mythology of the Germans the wilder scenes of nature are conceived as the haunts of evil spirits. So it has fared with the Brocken. In this story our author has recalled the old legends, of wild witch orgies of song and dance, interwoven with the fortunes of a fair maiden bearing the name of Ilse.

The translation is by an American lady, and reflects credit on her culture and taste. The volume is admirably printed and elegantly illustrated, as a companion to other books issued by the same house.

GOLDEN TRUTHS. Boston: Lee & Shepard. Pittsburgh: Davis, Clarke & Co.

This volume is made up of selections in prose and verse, from various authors of eminence in religious composition. It is designed mainly to stimulate a meditative and introspective form of piety which was much more prevalent in past ages than in this period of intense realism.

FRED. MANA AND ME. New York, Charles Scribner & Co. Pittsburgh: Davis, Clarke & Co.

A story of rural simplicity and generosity, contrasted with city frivolity and heartlessness, done up in bad English and unimpeachable typography and binding.

MEMOIR OF Rev. G. W. BETHUNE, D.D. By Rev. A. R. Vanchest, D.D. New York: Sheldon & Co. Pittsburgh: Davis, Clarke & Co.

Dr. Bethune was the only child of a doating and pious mother. Nature endowed him with fine capacities; hereditary wealth afforded him the means of careful and varied culture; while his mother's predilections carried him into the ministry. Genial, rollicking, fun-loving, kind-hearted, generous—these qualities fitted him to adorn any station, and drew to him troops of friends. A student by instinct and habit, he was none the less a lover of gentle sports. As a writer he was clear, vigorous and ornate. As an orator impassioned and eloquent. He felt, and made others feel. This memorial of his life and labors, though without permanent value or general interest, cannot fail to be regarded by his numerous friends and admirers as a graceful testimonial.

TOMMY HICKUP; or a Pair of Black Eyes. By Rosa Abbott. Boston: Lee & Shepherd. Pittsburgh: Davis, Clark & Co.

This forms the third of the "Rosa Abbott Series", to be completed in six volumes. It will richly repay young folks, by not only reading this volume, but the preceding ones of the series. It is brimful of incident, and couched in easy flowing words. Tommy's career ends in prosperity and sunshine.

HOME TWILIGHT STORIES. Four volumes with numerous illustrations. Boston: Gould & Lincoln. Pittsburgh: Davis, Clarke & Co., 93 Wood street.

This series comprises "Much Ado about Nothing"; "Briery Wood"; "The Hero without Courage", and "The Young Fortune Seekers". They are just such as a kind loving mother would like to have at hand at twilight, to interest the family group. They are written in a simple, free and unpretending style, and while furnishing entertainment, valuable instruction is also imparted, thereby becoming a source of mental improvement. The profuse illustrations greatly enhance their value.

EIGHTY YEARS OF REPUBLICAN GOVERNMENT IN THE UNITED STATES. By Louis J. Jennings. New York: C. Scribner & Co. Pittsburgh: Davis, Clarke & Co.

This volume, though issued simultaneously in New York and London, was intended primarily for the English public. The design of it is to show what sort of government was established by the men who achieved the independence of the thirteen colonies, and what sort of government it has become by the progress of events. A considerable part of the delineations are well drawn, but he makes too sombre an estimate of general results. DE TOCQUEVILLE said the Supreme Court was the only tribunal in America. He overlooked the fact, that the people constitute the ultimate tribunal, and follow old precedents or make new ones as they deem best. No nation ever did or ever will remain stationary. It must either progress from age to age with the advance of civilization, or else recede step by step into hopeless decay. Constitution and laws are not only good but indispensable; but none were ever devised suited to the whole period of a nation's development. It would be as reasonable to insist that a suit of clothes could be made to fit a lad which would answer him in the ripe maturity of manhood. Nevertheless, this book contains many suggestions of value to minds so trained as to discriminate wisely.

TEN THOUSAND MILES ON HORSEBACK. By John F. Miles. New York: Hurd & Houghton. Pittsburgh: Davis, Clarke & Co.

A narrative of a tour through Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado and New Mexico, made in 1866. The author is now on Gen. Pope's staff in Georgia. The narrative is in the form of familiar letters, evidently written amid the scenes described, and perhaps corrected afterwards. The Colonel had evidently devoted study to such points as bear upon history, especially that of the Spanish settlement, and has consequently made his work valuable beyond a mere literacy. He depicts all phases of life that fell under his observation—Indians, Mexicans, Hunters, Squatters, Miners, and Traders. He describes the scenery and natural resources of the country, and does it well. An excellent map is appended to the volume.

THE QUEENS OF AMERICAN SOCIETY. By Mrs. Ellet. New York: Charles Scribner & Co. Pittsburgh: Davis, Clarke & Co.

A book about fashionable nonsense and frippery—a companion volume to the "Book of Snobs"—in which a sensible man would greatly dislike to have his mother, sister, wife or daughter appear as a character in keeping with the design. Some of these so-called Queens it has fallen to our lot to meet; and we found them coarse, masculine, without sense or genuine refinement; but having the mannerism resulting from an abnormal and unhealthy condition of society, in which in a certain demeanor and style of attire are held to be the essential pre-requisites. All of the women delineated, however, are not of this class. Some of them had solid attainments, wit, beauty, and all moral graces; and, in life, would have resented as an indignity the parade here made of them.

THE HUGUENOTS: their Settlements, Churches, and Industries in England and Ireland. By Samuel Smiles, author of "Self-Help," "Lives of the Engineers," etc. With an Appendix relating to the Huguenots in America. New York: Harper & Brothers. Pittsburgh: Henry Miner.

It is a source of pleasure to peruse a book of such substantial worth as this one. The tragic events, involving the terrible persecutions, at different periods, and dispersion of the Huguenots to other countries, are narrated in terse and graceful language. The migration of such a vast number from France to England, while it impoverished the former, enriched the latter. The origin of the name of Huguenot is obscure, but according to history it was evidently a name of reproach. The class of persons, where the first signs of the Reformation in France appeared, were chiefly artisans, near the Flemish frontier. The flame rapidly spread and they soon became a power in France. Persecutions arose of the most rigorous type, ending in the flight of thousands of the best and most industrious subjects to England. Scattered through the volume are pen-pictures of distinguished Huguenots, whose names are deeply woven in history, such as Bernard Palissy, the distinguished chemist and artist; Ramus and Scaliger, eminent as philosophers; Dumoulier, the learned jurist, and Goujon, the famed sculptor. The author has made a valuable contribution to history, and it will prove a rich legacy to the lovers of historic lore. The Appendix relating to the Huguenots of America, is written by our friend, Hon. G. P. Disosway, of New York, a writer of singular ability and gracefulness.

ON BOTH SIDES OF THE SEA: a story of the Commonwealth and the Restoration. A sequel to "The Draytons and the Davenants." By the author of "Chronicles of the Schonberg-Cotta Family." New York: M. W. Dodd, 506 Broadway. Pittsburgh: Davis, Clarke & Co., 93 Wood street.

Few authors have attained such a rapid and wide spread popularity as Mrs. Charles. There is something about all her writings that captivates and is brimful of instruction. Her pure character is reflected in her works, and there is a vein of moral purity, which makes it safe to commend them. From the appearance of her first creation, the "Chronicles of the Schonberg-Cotta Family," until the present, she has occupied a high position in the Literary world. As a historical work, it possesses intrinsic merits, and abounds with passages of great beauty, both in regard to persons and events. It is, as stated, a sequel to "The Draytons and Davenants," opening with scenes connected with the execution of Charles I., followed with references to Cromwell, Baxter, Moore, Owen, Milton, and other distinguished characters of those troublous times. We can heartily commend this book, and, indeed, all her writings. M. W. Dodd is the publisher of the American edition, with the author's sanction. This work is having a large sale, as it richly deserves.

FIGHTING THE FLAMES. A tale of the Fire Brigade. By R. M. Ballantine, author of "The Lifeboat, a Tale of our Coast Heroes," etc. With illustrations. Philadelphia: Lippincott & Co. 1868. For sale by Henry Miner, 71 and 73 Fifth street.

This volume strongly illustrates the self-sacrificing spirit of firemen, for the welfare of others. It is also full of interesting incidents connected with the "London Fire Brigade," and depicted too in taste and flowing words. Mingled with these hair breadths sketches, is a scene of love, which give the closing pages of the volume peculiar interest. It will doubtless have a wide sale, as it ranges among the popular class of publications of these times.

CLAUDIA. By Amanda M. Douglass, author of "In Trust," "Stephen Dane," etc. Boston: Lee & Shepard. 1868. Pittsburgh: Davis, Clarke & Co.

This volume embodies "The Story of a Year" and "The Story of a Summer," in which are woven the strange but eventful history of characters that abound everywhere in society. The touching scenes of such characters as "Dr. Brevort," "Rose Varian," and "Claudia," are full of interest, and make the story captivating and instructive. Like all works of this kind, the closing pages end in sunshine, and results of the most desirable kind.

TIGER LILIES. A Novel. By Sidney Lamer. New York: Published by Hurd & Houghton. For sale by Davis, Clarke & Co., 93 Wood street.

The author appears to be a Southerner, not because he dates his preface in Georgia, but the redolent style indicates plainly this fact. It is a sketching, racy work, and abounds with striking passages. Interspersed throughout its pages are incidents of the last war, which serve to give it unusual interest. The *abandon* style of the author will make it popular with many. Here and there are detailed thrilling incidents of engagements during the rebellion, yet fresh in our memories.

SAXE AND FINDS; or, The Adventures of a Smart Boy. By Oliver Optic, author of "Young America Abroad," "The Army and Navy Stories," etc. Boston: Lee & Shepard. For sale by Davis, Clarke & Co., Pittsburgh.

This is the fourth volume of the "Oliver Optic's Starry Flag Series," and details the eventful history of a boy whose aims were elevated and noble, though at times his actions would indicate almost the reverse. Like all the stories of "Oliver Optic," it abounds with incidents of the interesting character, and just such as young people will enjoy.

TICNOR & FIELD'S ILLUSTRATED ALMANAC. These enterprising Boston publishers have just issued the most elegantly gotten up "Illustrated Almanac", that has ever been issued in this country. It is executed in every respect, in the highest style of art. The four colored pictures of the Seasons are rare gems. Besides the usual matter pertaining to an annual of this kind, valuable articles appear from the editors, Dr. O. W. Holmes and Donald G. Mitchell, and other popular writers. It is worthy to grace any centre table. Davis, Clarke & Co., of this city can supply copies.

The Lynchburgh, Virginia *News* says: "Mr. J. H. Gheen, of Alexandria, shipped to that and other markets North, on yesterday, twelve car loads of as fine, fat cattle as any we have yet seen. Some of the animals were monsters in size, and unusually fat.

### The Great Pictorial Annual.

Hostetter's United States Almanac, for 1868, for distribution, gratis, throughout the United States and all civilized countries of the Western Hemisphere, will be published about the first of January, and all who wish to understand the true philosophy of health should read and ponder the valuable suggestions it contains. In addition to an admirable medical treatise on the causes, prevention and cure of a great variety of diseases, it embraces a large amount of information interesting to the merchant, the mechanic, the minor, the farmer, the planter, and professional man; and the calculations have been made for such meridians and latitudes as are most suitable for a correct and comprehensive NATIONAL CALENDAR.

The nature, use and extraordinary sanitary effects of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, the staple tonic and alterative of more than half the Christian world, are fully set forth in its pages, which are interspersed with pictorial illustrations, valuable recipes for the household and in m, numerous anecdotes, and other interesting and amusing reading matter, original and selected. Among the A ly wo appear with the opening of the year, this will be one of the most useful, and may be had for the asking. Send for copies to the Central Manufactory, at Pittsburgh, Pa., or to the nearest agent for HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. The BITTERS are sold in every city, town and village of the United States.

### Coughing in Church.

Hundreds of persons destroy the interest of a whole congregation, by a continued coughing and sneezing, when in church, and frequently interrupt the preacher in his sermon, by a long bark, as unbecoming as it is dangerous to the health of the person himself. This need not be. DR. KEYSER, of Pittsburgh, has prepared a medicine which, although you can't carry it in your pocket, if you will take a dose before going to church, will allay all tickling and irritation of the lungs, and by a perseverance in its use for a day or two, will entirely cure the disease. SO DON'T COUGH ANY MORE IN CHURCH; THINK OF DR. KEYSER and his CHERRY PECTORAL; open your heart strings and purse strings, and you will be a better and happier man, and not be looked upon as one who annoys your neighbors. You can get it at any Druggists.

DR. KEYSER'S CONSULTATION OFFICE, for Lung Examinations, No. 120 PENN ST.


## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

*WM. BINGHAM, Jr., Adams Express Office, 54 Fifth Street, is an authorized Agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and all other papers throughout the United States and the Canadas.*

COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY—ANNUAL ELECTION.—The annual election for Officers and Managers of the Allegheny County Agricultural Society will be held on WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 1st, 1868, at the o'clock A. M., at the office of Messrs. Phillips, Parke & Co., No. 10 St. Clair street.
MYERS CHEST, President.
WM. ANDERSON, Secretary. de27:19

OFFICE HOUSE OF REFUGE WESTERN PA., No. 67 Fourth St., Pittsburgh, 27th December, 1867.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Contributors to the House of Refuge will be held at the Office of the Institution, No. 67 Fourth street, Pittsburgh on MONDAY, the 6th day of January, 1868, between the hours of 9 and 2 o'clock, to hear the Report of the Board of Managers, and to elect officers for the ensuing year. By order,
J. B. D. MEEDS, Secretary.
de27:169

POSITIVELY TWO DAYS ONLY.
EXCELSIOR HALL, Allegheny City,
JANUARY 1ST AND 2D, 1868.
Two Levees WEDNESDAY, Jan. 1st, at 3 and 7½ o'clock P. M. THURSDAY, Three Levees, at 11 A. M. and 3 and 7½ P. M.

POSITIVELY TWO DAYS ONLY.
MASONIC HALL, Pittsburgh.
FRIDAY and SATURDAY, January 3d and 4th, 1868.
FRIDAY—Two Levees, at 3 and 7½ P. M.
SATURDAY (last day)—Three Levees, at 11 A. M. and 3 and 7½ P. M.

Return from Europe, (after an absence of three years,) where they have appeared before nearly all the Kings, Queens, Emperors and Nobility of the Old World, the Greatest Wonders of the Age! Four beautiful and symmetrically formed Ladies and Gentlemen in miniature. The original and renowned
**Gen. Tom Thumb and Wife.**
**Commodore Nutt, and**
**Miss Minnie Warren.**
Their unique and exquisitely exhilarating Performances and Conversations never fail to charm and delight every beholder. They appear in Songs, Duetts, Dances, Comic Delineations, Amusing Tricks, Burlesques, and Comedies in Characteristic Costumes. The Rich and Elegant Dresses and the brilliant collection of Diamonds worn before the various Potentates of Europe, all of which are introduced in these popular Levees, cost over Twenty Thousand Dollars in Gold.
Ladies and Children are considerately advised to attend the Day Exhibitions, and thus avoid the crowd and confusion of the Evening Performances.
To the Day Levees—Admission, 25 cents; Children under ten, 15 cents. Reserved seats, 50 cents; Children under ten, 25 cents.
Evening Performances—Admission to all parts of the house, 75 cents; Children under ten, 50 cents. de27:198

MASONIC HALL.
IMMENSE SUCCESS!
Crowds! Crowds!!
NIGHTLY TURNED AWAY.
THE GREAT ORIGINAL
Apocalypse!
OR,
THE VISIONS OF ST. JOHN,
THE BELOVED DISCIPLE.
The Most Extraordinary Exhibition in the World!
GO EARLY TO SECURE SEATS.

100 Elegant Presents Given Away FREE!
Get a Programme at the Hall Door, and see what these ELEGANT PRESENTS are given away.
Together with many other valuable articles, a
Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine
WILL BE GIVEN AWAY!
ONE NIGHT THIS WEEK.
Grand Family and School Matinee, SATURDAY AFTERNOON. Admission, 25 cents; Children, 15 cents.
Admission at Night, 25 cents; no half price. de27:197

HEALING WITHOUT DRUGS.
The true curative plan or natural healing art is based entirely upon physiological principles—upon the ACTIVITY OF FUNCTIONS in appropriating or using the LIFE SUSTAINERS, and their nutrient value being assimilated in a manner that is potent in the BANISHMENT OF DISEASE from the system. But before we can heal through the inherent vital properties of the tissues, we bring the NATIONAL MATERIA MEDICA to bear, in DRAWING OUT THE DISEASE MEDICINES, and morbid materials through the activity of the depurating channels, sanatory provisions and safety valves, with which the system is bountifully supplied. But when these are either obstructed or not understood, the penalty is the same; therefore instead of quaking lest we die before we have gained more money than we can use, it is our highest policy to learn first the ANA OF righteousness in the bodily tabernacle, in order that we may live to inherit our natural wealth of happiness. By our normal tonics, alteratives, stimulants, sedatives, &c., we get the FRIENDLY changes of vital action, without the corrosive wounds inflicted by drugs. By a correct dealing with causes in the province of disease, we eradicate the whole catalogue of parasites, among which are tape worm, cercalie worm, &c.; also, tumors, cancers, ulcers, abscesses, dropsy, insanity, diseases of the bones or maalities, oedium and fragilitas ossium, deafness, liver complaint, dyspepsia, gout, rheumatism, neuralgia, and in short every disease that flesh is heir to, provided our remedial plan is strictly adhered to. We do not expect to please all. But those who have been the victims of the empyrician and ingenious lingo of simila similibus curantur, and contraria contrarious curantur practice; and now with PHYSICAL REDEMPTION, in its broadest sense, can try the VIS-CONSERVATRIX NATURAE METHOD, by giving us a call, at No. 50 CENTER AVENUE, Pittsburgh.
de24:197

BEAVER CLOTHS,
AND
CLOAKING CLOTHS,
The best assortment in the city, at
J. M. BURCHFIELD & CO.'S,
No. 87 MARKET STREET.
ALL GOODS REDUCED IN PRICE.
FRENCH POPLINS,
IRISH POPLINS,
ENGLISH MERINOS, for 31 cents.
No. 87 Market Street.
de27

STEUBENVILLE
FEMALE SEMINARY.
The Second Quarter of the Winter Session will Begin
JANUARY 13TH, 1868.
Pupils are admitted at any time. The terms have been reduced to suit the hardness of the times on the scarcity of money. The cost per quarter—15th, vocal music, $30. Including Boarding, furnished Room, Washing and Tuition in the common branches. Extra charges are made for Music, Painting, French and other Languages.
For catalogue apply to
Rev. W. C. BEATTY, D.D., L.L.D., Superintendent;
Or, Rev. A. M. REED, A.M., Principal.
de24:d

SKATES! SKATES! SKATES!
I have received the largest, the cheapest, and the best assortment of
SKATES,
Ever offered in this city. Skates ranging in price, straight complete, from ONE DOLLAR up to TWENTY DOLLARS PER PAIR. Also, very superior quality of
LADIES' SKATES
Some of them the finest Skates made in America. I have a comfortable room connected with my store, where Ladies can fit on their Skates before purchasing, so that they will not be annoyed in fitting them on when they reach the ice.
FOR SALE BY
JAMES BOWN,
de3:TUF 136 Wood street.

BARGAINS!
AT EATON'S,
No. 17 Fifth Street.
In BALMORAL SKIRTS,
ZEPHYR KNIT GOODS,
MERINO UNDERWEAR, and
LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS.
de27

COLGATE & CO.'S
FRAGRANT
TOILET SOAPS
Are prepared by skilled workmen from the best materials, and are known as the STANDARD by dealers and customers. Sold everywhere. de27:WF

SILVER WARE.
Tea Sets, Water Pitchers, Castors, Cake Baskets, Waiters, Berry Dishes, Syrup Pitchers, Spoons, Forks, Card Cases, Soup Ladles, &c.,
For sale by
J. R. REED & CO.

JEWELRY, GOLD CHAINS,
PINS, EAR RINGS,
FINGER RINGS,
SLEEVE BUTTONS, &c.
For sale by
J. R. REED & CO.

COTTON—3 bales on steamer Rapidan, to arrive, for sale by
de27 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

PEANUTS—176 sks on steamer Rapidan, to arrive for sale by
de27 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

TENN. CORN—150 sacks ty arrive by rail, for sale by
de27 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

GLUE SCRAPS—20 sacks in store, for sale by
de27 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

TO LET—A large and substantial Warehouse,
On Water street, near Market. Rent moderate. Possession given on April 1st.
Enquire of
GEO. A. BERRY,
de27:31 Citizens National bank.

HOLDERS OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
Can realize a PROFIT OF FROM TWELVE TO
Over Twenty Per Cent.
By converting them into
Pacific R. R. First Mortgage Bonds,
JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,
AGENTS PACIFIC RAILROAD,
Corner Fourth & Wood Streets.
de27:56

ALLEGHENY COUNTY, ss.
In the Orphans' Court in and for said county. In the matter of the Estate of W. T. BOWN, deceased. No. 55, December Term, 1867.
And now to wit, December 14th, 1867, it is ordered and decreed that JAMES A. LOWRIE, Esq., be appointed Auditor to dispose of the exceptions to said account, and make distribution among the parties entitled thereto, as prayed for.
By THE COURT.
From the Record.
A. HIKANDS, Clerk.
The undersigned, Auditor, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office, No. 137 Fourth street, Pittsburgh, on WEDNESDAY, January 22d, 1868, at 2 o'clock P. M.
JAS. A. LOWRIE,
de27:100 Auditor.

1868. NEW YEARS. 1868.
F. A. MIERSCH & BRO.,
40 and 42 St. Clair Street,
(Between Liberty and Penn.)
BAKER & CONFECTIONER.
JELLY CAKES, POUND CAKES,
PIES, NUTS and CANDIES,
*Suitable for the Holidays.*
We have also fitted up a LADIES' OYSTER and LUNCH SALOON, where is served on the nicest LUNCH or OYSTAR STEW that can be had in the city.
Remember the place,
F. A. MIERSCH & BRO.,
de27:15 40 and 42 St. Clair Street.

FOR THE HOLIDAYS,
AT 12½ CENTS,
DARK DELAINES,
AT 6¼ CENTS,
CALICO, for Comforts.
AT 10 CENTS.
DARK FAST COLORED PRINTS.
AT 62½ CENTS,
WIDE FRENCH MERINO,
AT 25 CENTS,
HEAVY WHITE SHAKER FLANNEL.
AT 31 CENTS,
HEAVY BARRED FLANNEL.
AT $1.25 EACH,
HEAVY GREY BLANKETS, slightly damaged.
AT 25 CENTS,
A LARGE LOT OF SONTAGS.
AT 6½c. A PAIR,
CHILDREN'S ALL-WOOL HOSE.
AT 12½c. A PAIR,
LADIES' WHITE MERINO HOSE.
AT 18c. PER POUND,
GOOD BATTING.
AT $8.00 EACH,
BEAUTIFUL MUFFS.
AT $3.00 EACH,
BEAUTIFUL BERTHAS & COLLARS.
WATERPROOF CLOAKING,
CASSIMERES, DRESS GOODS, SHAWLS,
BALMORAL SKIRTS, NUBIAS,
SHIRT FRONTS, HANDKERCHIEFS,
GLOVES, GAUNTLETS, SCARFS, &c.,
A large and well selected stock,
*Wholesale and Retail, at*
WM. SEMPLE'S,
180 & 182 Federal St., Allegheny.
de27

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.
BUY THE BEST AND CHEAPEST
PIANO AND ORGAN.
SCHOMACKER'S
GOLD MEDAL PIANO,
AND
ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN.
THE SCHOMACKER PIANO combines all the latest valuable improvements known in the construction of a first class instrument, and has always been awarded the highest premium wherever exhibited.
ITS TONE IS FULL, SONOROUS AND SWEET.
The Workmanship, for durability and beauty, surpass all others.
Prices from $350 to $750, (according to style and finish,) cheaper than all other so-called first class PIANO.
ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN
Stands at the head of all reed instruments in producing the most perfect pipe quality of tone of any similar instrument made in the United States. It is simple and compact in construction, and not liable to get out of order.
GARDINER'S PATENT "VOX HUMANA TREMOLO" is only to be found in this Organ. Price from $100 to $350. All guaranteed for five years.
BARR, KNAKE & BUETTLER,
No. 12 St. Clair Street.
de27:189

1867. HOLIDAYS. 1868.
KAY & COMPANY,
BOOKSELLERS,
65 Wood Street,
(LAFAYETTE BUILDING,)
INVITE ATTENTION TO THEIR FINE COLLECTION
OF
Books for the Holidays.
CONSISTING OF
ELEGANTLY BOUND AND ILLUSTRATED
PRESENTATION BOOKS!
FINE EDITIONS OF
STANDARD AUTHORS,
AN IMMENSE VARIETY OF
BOOKS FOR THE YOUNG.
Illustrated Juveniles,
Toy Books,
Family Bibles,
Pocket Bibles,
Hymn Books,
Prayer Books,
Writing Decks,
Tourists Cases,
Port Folios,
Gold Pens,
Pocket Books,
&c., &c., &c.
de24:

WATCHES.
A good assortment of
GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,
For sale by
J. R. REED & CO.

NEW EXPRESS ROUTE
TO THE
OIL REGIONS!
Completion of the Allegheny Valley Railroad.
On and after MONDAY, December 23d, the trains on the road will run through to Venango City, opposite Oil City.
The Adams Express Company,
Having facilities on all passenger trains, will be prepared to do a general EXPRESS FORWARDING BUSINESS by this Direct Route between Pittsburgh and the Oil Regions. Messenger, leave twice daily for Oil City and all intermediate points.
RATES REDUCED.
For particulars, inquire of
GEORGE BINGHAM,
de27:12 AGENT.

525 MILES
OF THE
UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD,
Running West from Omaha,
ACROSS THE CONTINENT,
ARE NOW COMPLETED.
This brings the line to the eastern base of the Rocky Mountains, and it is expected that the track will be laid thirty miles further, to Evans Pass, the highest point on the road, by January. The maximum grade from the foot of the mountains to the summit is but eighty feet to the mile, while that of many eastern roads is over one hundred. Work in the rock-cuttings on the Western slope will continue through the winter, and there is now no reason to doubt that the entire ground line to the Pacific will be open for business in 1870.
The means provided for the construction of this Great National Work are ample. The United States grants its SIX Per Cent. Bonds at the rate of $16,000 to $48,000 per mile, for which it takes a SECOND LIEN as security and receives payment to large if not to the full extent of its claims in services. These bonds are issued as each twenty mile section is finished, and after it has been examined by United States Commissioners and pronounced by them to be a first class road, thoroughly supplied with depots, repair shops, stations, and all the necessary rolling stock and other equipments.
The United States also makes a donation of 12,800 acres of land to the mile, which will be a source of large revenue to the company. Much of this land in the Platte Valley is among the most fertile in the world, and other large portions are covered with heavy pine forests and abound in coal of the best quality.
The Company is also authorized to issue its own First Mortgage Bonds to an amount equal to the issue of the Government, and to more. Hon. E. D. Morgan and Hon. Oakes Ames are Trustees for the Bondholders, and deliver the Bonds to the Company only as the work progresses, to that they always represent an actual and productive value.
The authorized capital of the Company is One Hundred Million Dollars, of which over five millions have been paid in upon the work already done.
Earnings of the Company.
At present the profits of the Company are derived only from its local traffic, but this is already much more than sufficient to pay the interest on all the Bonds the Company can issue, if not another mile were built. It is not doubted that when the road is completed the through traffic of the only line connecting the Atlantic and Pacific States will be largo beyond precedent, and, as there will be no competition, it can always be done at profitable rates.
It will be noticed that the Union Pacific Railroad is, in fact, a GOVERNMENT WORK, built under the supervision of Government officers, and to a large extent with Government money, and that its bonds are issued under Government direction. It is believed that no similar security is so carefully guarded, and certainly no other is based upon a larger or more valuable property. As the Company's
First Mortgage Bonds
Are offered for the present at NINETY CENTS ON THE DOLLAR, they are the cheapest security in the market, being more than 15 per cent. lower than United States Stocks. They pay
Six Per Cent. in Gold,
On OVER NINE PER CENT. upon the investment, and have thirty years to run before maturity. Subscriptions will be received in Pittsburgh by
JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,
S. MCCLEAN & CO., 75 Fourth street.
HART, CAUGHEY & CO., Third and Wood streets.
And KRAMER & BAHM.
And in New-York at the Company's Office, No. 20 Nassau street, and by
CONTINENTAL NATIONAL BANK, No. 7 Nassau street.
CLARK, DODGE & CO., Bankers, No. 51 Wall street.
JOHN J. CISCO & SON, Bankers, No. 33 Wall street,
and by the Company's advertised Agents throughout the United States. Remittances should be made in drafts or other funds par in New-York, and the bonds will be sent free of charge by return express. Parties subscribing through local agents, will look to them for their safe delivery.
A new PAMPHLET AND MAP, showing the Progress of the Work, Resources for Construction, Value of Bonds, &c., may be obtained at the Company's Offices, or of its advertised agents, or will be sent free on application.
JOHN J. CISCO, Treasurer,
NEW YORK.
November 23, 1867. de27:1061&F

1867 ..... 1868.
Christmas and New Year!
DAVIS, CLARKE & CO.,
93 Wood Street,
HAVE NOW OPENED A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF NEW AND
Elegantly Illustrated
HOLIDAY BOOKS.
Fine London and American Editions of
Standard Authors,
Children's Books, &c.,
In Plain and Fine Bindings.
BAGSTER'S AND OTHER FINE EDITIONS OF
THE BIBLE.
Bibles, Hymn Books, Prayer Books,
English and American Editions.
BAGSTER BIBLES,
All the editions, ranging in price from $4.50 to $15.00
Swiss Carved Wood Goods,
Carved Brackets,
Match and Cigar Boxes,
Bowl and Salt Cellars,
Paper Knives, &c.,
NEW AND VERY UNIQUE
Writing Desks,
Tourists Cases and Portfolios,
Handkerchief and Glove Boxes,
VERY HANDSOME AND OFFERED AT LOW PRICES.
Juvenile Books, Toy Books, Games, &c
OLIVER OPTIC'S BOOKS,
ALMWELL STORIES,
HANS ANDERSON

The Pittsburgh Gazette

## EPHEMERIS.

—Nonsence has been described as sense that differs from one's own.

—The New York Jockey club is to have a house which will cost $200,000.

—3,800,000 bushels of oysters are furnished every year by Chesapeake bay.

—In Virginia four hundred and sixty-five bankruptcy cases have been filed.

—For eighteen years the weather in Canada has not been so cold as it is now.

—The winter has been very severe thus far in Italy. The Arno has been frozen over.

—Eighty-five thousand miles of printed calico are manufactured every year in Fall River.

—An American Circus is to become a fixture in London, using the Holborn amphitheatre.

—Four horses broke through the ice at Charles City, Minn., last week, and were drowned.

—Three thousand Romans are in prison for having given aid, comfort or sympathy to Garibaldi.

—Ladies appeared among the audience at the opera in Constantinople for the first time, recently.

—A congress of pedestrians is to be held at Hamilton, Canada, and $3,000 are to be distributed in prizes.

—The Bedford Street Mission of Philadelphia gave a good dinner to all who would come on Christmas Day.

—San Franciscans propose tunneling their bay so as to bring the terminus of the Pacific Railroad into their city.

—There are one hundred and forty-three newspapers in Iowa, one hundred and eleven of which are Republican.

—A skiff containing a revolver and three human fingers was found floating down the river at Jefferson City, Mo.

—An eight wheeled car, which one horse can pull when loaded with twenty thousand pounds, is the last Boston novelty.

—Some of the European railways are beginning to adopt the American plan of sheltering the engineers on locomotives.

—A quarry of marble equal in quality and texture to the Parian and Serravazza marbles, has been discovered in Greenbrier county, W. Va.

—A shoe shop has recently been started in Danbury, Conn., by deaf and dumb men, and none but deaf mutes will be employed by them.

—Tennessee is to have a Convention of all the Republican editors and publishers in the State, to be held at Nashville on the 22d of January, 1868.

—Old Fort McClay near Portsmouth Harbor, is being rebuilt with walls seven feet thick. Sullivan and Washington, the other two forts, are abandoned.

—The Salt Lake *Vedette* says there is no better State or Territory in the Union than Utah for the cultivation of the grape, the mulberry, and the cotton plant.

—The Northern Central Railway is rebuilding four bridges, after the completion of which a through train will be run from New York to Sunbury via Shamokin.

—Sixty-five thousand gallons of wine have been made from the Kelly's Island grapes this year, and twenty thousand gallons from those of Erie and Ottawa counties, Ohio.

—In Prussia the system of laying the rails for steam cars directly on the ballast, and thus avoiding the use and expense of sleepers, has been in successful operation for some time.

—The average length of life is 33.43 years in Italy, 38.33 in France, 42.02 in Switzerland and 39.31 in England. The number of births is also comparatively much smaller in Italy than in France or England.

—The first American religious service held in Alaska took place on October 13, in a Lutheran chapel. Mr. Rainer, an army chaplain, eleven other Americans, fifteen Fenians, and about thirty natives were present.

—There are seven iron-clads in the Austrian navy, the most powerful of which is the Lissa, which has just been completed at Trieste. An eighth iron clad is being built at Pola, and is to be called the Heligoland.

—The policy pursued by our farmers and lumbermen all over the country is beginning to tell in Maine. At Androscoggin, in the very heart of the lumber regions of that State, wood for fuel is sold as high as eight dollars per cord.

—Six hundred barrels of whale oil were sold in New Bedford last Monday. This is the first transaction in that article that has occurred there for two months. This ancient city of oil pales before the risen glory of Oil City in Pennsylvania.

—A woman near Detroit was attacked in her own house, on Sunday evening, by three ruffians, who were disguised. They seized her and attempted to gag her with an apple, but a small boy in the house raised such a cry of murder that the villains retreated.

—A few days ago a butcher in Cleveland was killing sheep. He had one about ready for execution, and was holding his knife between his teeth while putting the animal into a more convenient position, when the sheep began to struggle and kick, and one of its feet struck the knife, knocking it upward edge foremost, and cutting off the end of the butcher's nose. It was a lucky kick for the sheep, for it obtained him a reprieve.

## PERSONAL.

—The Princess of Wales is twenty-three years of age.

—The Pope is said to be failing rapidly under the reaction from his late intense excitement.

—Nathan Fagan, a Catholic priest, died in Eau Claire, Wis., of delirium tremens on the 17th.

—Senor Romero has given up foreign diplomacy for a time, and is a member of the Mexican Congress.

—The late Thomas Garner left over one hundred thousand dollars to benevolent institutions in New York city.

—"Then and Now" is the title of an eloquent lecture recently delivered by Dr. Gross at the Jefferson Medical College.

—Zaccheus Greeley, father of the editor of the *Tribune*, died at Wayne, Erie county, New York, on Wednesday, the 18th inst., aged 86 years.

—Judge R. P. Spalding, member in Congress of the Cleveland district, has written a letter announcing that he will not be a candidate for re-election.

—The Chester county *Village Record* suggests Hon. John Hickman for the Vice Presidency. In the National Convention in 1860 Mr. Hickman received 58 votes for this office.

—The British government has appointed Mr. Arthur E. Kennedy, late Governor of Vancouvers Island, to be Governor of Sierra Leon, Gambia, the gold coast and Lagos in West Africa.

—Miss Maria Hall died in Lawrence, Mass., on the 12th inst., of injuries received at the fall of the Pemberton Mills, eight years ago. During all this time she has been a suffering invalid.

—Dr. White, the Iowa State Geologist, has, by his researches, discovered that exceedingly large and rich beds of peat exist in various parts of the State, and also a vast gypsum bed near Fort Dodge.

—V. Harding, a colored man, of Nashville, Tenn., and for a long time proprietor of a popular hotel, has recently erected a larger one. It has a grocery, billiard room, barber shop, bath rooms, and all the appurtenances of a first-class hotel.

—Rev. G. S. Carraway, for many years minister at Emmanuel Church, Hanover county, Virginia, died very suddenly at his home in that county, on Monday last.


# HORNE & CO'S

## GREAT SALE

## STILL CONTINUES.

## THE GREATEST BARGAINS OF THE DAY.

## THE LARGEST STORE,

## THE LARGEST STOCK,

THE BEST ASSORTMENT IN THIS CITY TO SELECT FROM.

If You want Christmas or New Year's Gifts,

COME TO

## Nos. 77 and 79 Market Street.

WE CONTINUE TO SELL

CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST,

## A LARGE STOCK OF NEW GOODS.

1,000 DOZEN HANDKERCHIEFS,

Just Opened, all kinds and qualities, and at NEW YORK PANIC PRICES!

REAL AND IMITATION LACES,

HANDKERCH'S, SETS, COLLARS, BARBES, COIFFEURS,

IN POINT, POINT APLIQUES AND VALENCIENNES.

The Latest Importations and Choice Patterns.

Embroideries, a splendid line.
Infant Robes, Caps and Waists.
Brocha Scarfs, very cheap.
Beautiful Pieces of Embroidery.
Fine Slipper Patterns.
Fine Silk Suspenders, Embroidered.
Cloak and Dress Ornaments.
Gent's Furnishing Goods, Ties, Scarfs, Shirts.
Zephyr Knit Goods.
Hoods, Nubias, Sontags, Scarfs, Mittens, Basques.
Two cases Balmoral Skirts, fresh goods, at $1.00.
Two cases Shirts and Drawers, at 50 cents.
600 Pair Real French Corsets, at $1.00.
Gloves and Hosiery, all kinds, and cheaper than ever.
Brooches, Sets, Pins, Money Bags and Fancy Goods.
Fine Silk Umbrellas.
50 Dozen Bradley's Duplex Skirt, at $1.00, a great bargain; and many other articles too numerous to mention.
Good Fleecy Lined Hose, 20 cents.
Extra Fleecy Lined Hose, 25 cents.
Ladies' Fine Fur Top Kid Gloves, $1.50.
600 good and fashionable Hoop Skirts, at 50 cents, just received.

WE ASK YOU TO CALL AND EXAMINE FOR YOURSELVE

GOOD GOODS AND LOW PRICES.

JOSEPH HORNE & CO.,

Nos. 77 and 79 Market Street.


## AUCTION SALES.

BY A. McILWAINE.

308 SHARES ATLAS WORKS.—TUESDAY EVENING, Dec. 31st, 1867, at 7½ o'clock, will be sold, on account of whom it may concern, on second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 108 Smithfield street, the following Lots of Stock:
25 shares in the Atlas Works, Ninth ward.
25 " " "
de27 A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

BRICK STORE ROOM AND DWELLING, No. 66 SMITHFIELD ST., next to Diamond Alley corner.—TUESDAY AFTERNOON, January 7th, at 3 o'clock, at the premises, if not previously sold by private sale, will be sold by auction, that very valuable situate three story Brick house, No. 66 Smithfield street, containing eight rooms, bath room and hall; the store room now occupied as a barber shop, adjoining the office of the Pittsburgh Gas Co. Th lot is 20 ft. front on Smithfield street, back corner of Diamond alley, and extending 62 feet in depth, with privilege of a 2 feet 10 inch alley at the rear for access to Diamond alley. Terms at sale.

For further particulars enquire of WM. F. CHALFANT, Esq., No. 140 Fourth street.
de27 A. McILWAINE, Auct'r.

POSTPONEMENT.

THE LADIES OF THE Pennsylvania Avenue M. E. Church

Would respectfully inform the public that owing to a misunderstanding in procuring

Lafayette Hall,

THE FAIR AND FESTIVAL which was to have been held on the 17th, 18th and 19th instant, has been postponed until the

11th, 12th & 13th OF FEBRUARY.

Tickets already sold will be good at the time announced.
de16:187 COMMITTEE.

JOHN D. BAILEY & BRO.,

STOCK AND REAL ESTATE BROKERS AND AUCTIONEERS.

Are prepared to sell at Auction, Stocks, Bonds, and all kinds of Securities, Real Estate, Household Furniture, &c., either on the premises or at the Board of Trade Rooms.

Particular attention paid, as heretofore, to the sale of Real Estate in private sale.

Sales of Real Estate in the country attended. Office, 1 3/4 FOURTH STREET. o23

S. C. HAMS AND DRIED BEEF,

We will have some new choice

S. C. Hams and Dried Beef

Out of smoke and for sale on Monday, November 18th, and after.

F. SELLERS & CO.,
no15: Cor. Wayne and Penn streets.

F. W. C. FELD,

DEALER IN

GLUE, CURLED HAIR,

Tanners' Scraps, Cereons,

CATTLE TAILS,

Bones, Neat's Foot Oil, &c.,

Office and Warehouse—No. 124 SMITHFIELD STREET, (nearly opposite the Post Office.)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

JAS. B. MEANOR.....JOS. HARPER.

MEANOR & HARPER,

FLOUR, GRAIN AND PRODUCE Commission Merchants,

329 LIBERTY ST., PITTSBURGH.

Consignments solicited.

REFERENCE—J. G. Martin, Cashier Mechanics National Bank; J. S. Dilworth & Co.; W. T. Kennedy & Bro. de12:124

J. SCHOONMAKER & SON, PITTSBURGH

White Lead and Color Works,

Manufacturers of

WHITE AND RED LEAD, ZINC, PUTTY, BLUE LEAD, MOLINE VERDITER GREEN,

And all colors dry or in oil.

Office, No. 67 FOURTH STREET.

Factory, Nos. 450, 452, 454, 456 and 458 Rebecca Street and 49, 51 and 53 Lacock street, Allegheny. s27

WASHINGTON BLUES

Washington Street, near Pittsburgh Grain Elevator.

W. W. ANDERSON,

Manufacturer of CORN MEAL, RYE FLOUR, and CHOPPED FEED. Orders delivered in either city, free of charge. Grain of all kinds chopped, and Corn shelled, on short notice. se6:f

## DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

BARRED FLANNEL!

THE WELL KNOWN

KITTANNING

BARRED FLANNEL,

In Black and Red,

AND

BLACK AND WHITE.

A LARGE STOCK.

AT MANUFACTURERS PRICES!

M'ELROY, DICKSON & CO.,

54 Wood Street.

1867. FALL TRADE. 1867.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,

Wholesale Dealers in

DRY GOODS,

No. 115 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh,

Offer at Eastern prices Dress Goods, Prints, Ginghams, Checks, Jeans, Tweeds, Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinetts, F. & M. Cassimeres, Flannels, Shawls, Sk rts, White Goods, Bleached and Brown Domestics; a full line of Notions and Small Goods, Barred Flannels, of Eastern and home manufacture.

We are agents for FULLERTON'S FREEPORT BARRED FLANNELS, CHALK'S GREENVILLE BARRED FLANNELS, and COUNTRY BLANKETS, sold strictly on commission, at Mill Prices. A full line in all departments.

Buyers are invited to call and examine our Goods and Prices.

C. ARBUTHNOT.....W. T. SHANNON.
J. G. STEPHENSON.

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,

(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,

No. 94 WOOD STREET,

third house above Diamond alley, PITTSBURGH, PA.

## LITHOGRAPHERS.

BENJAMIN SINGERLY.....PHILIP CLEIS

SINGERLY & CLEIS,

(Successors to Geo. F. Schneiman & Co.,)

PRACTICAL LITHOGRAPHERS,

The ONLY STEAM LITHOGRAPHIC ESTABLISHMENT WEST OF THE MOUNTAINS. Business Cards, Letter Heads, Bonds, Labels, Circulars, Show Cards, Diplomas, Portraits, Views, Certificates of Deposits, Invitation Cards, &c., Nos. 72 and 74 Third st., Pittsburgh.

CHAS. A. MILLER,

LITHOGRAPHER,

No. 80 FOURTH ST., Apollo Building.

CHECKS, DRAFTS, NOTES, BILL and LETTER HEADS, &c., done in all styles.
ap15:156

## SPECIAL NOTICES.

A COUGH, A COLD, OR A SORE THROAT requires immediate attention, and should be checked. If allowed to continue,

Irritation of the Lungs, a Permanent Throat Disease, or Consumption,

is often the result.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

Having a direct influence to the parts, give immediate relief. For Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumptive and Throat Diseases, Troches are used with always good success.

Singers and Public Speakers use them to clear and strengthen the voice.

Obtain only "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," and do not take any of the WORTHLESS IMITATIONS that may be offered.

Sold Everywhere. solideAT

FOR NON-RETENTION OR INCONTINENCE of Urine, irritation, inflammation, or ulceration of the bladder, or kidneys, diseases of the prostrate glands, stone in the bladder, calculus, gravel or brick dust deposits, and all diseases of the bladder, kidneys and dropsical swellings, USE HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU. se9:MWF

HELMBOLD'S BUCHU

Is a certain cure for diseases of the

BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL, DROPSY, ORGANIC WEAKNESS, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, GENERAL DEBILITY, And all diseases of the URINARY ORGANS, Whether existing in MALE OR FEMALE, From whatever cause originating, and no matter of HOW LONG STANDING.

Diseases of these organs requires the use of a diuretic. If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or insanity may ensue. Our Flesh and Blood are supported from these sources, and the HEALTH AND HAPPINESS, and that of Posterity, depends upon prompt use of a reliable remedy.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU, Established upwards of 18 years. Prepared by H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist, 594 Broadway, New York, and 104 South 10th St., Philadelphia, Pa. Sold by all Druggists. se9:MWF

HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT BUCHU is the Great Diuretic. HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA is the Great Blood Purifier. Both are prepared according to rules of Pharmacy and Chemistry, and are the most active that can be made. Sold by Druggists everywhere. se9:MWF

NEW PERFUME FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF

Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."

A most exquisite, delicate, and Fragrant Perfume distilled from the rare and beautiful flower from which it takes its name.

Manufactured only by PHALON & SON, New York.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

ASK FOR PHALON'S—TAKE NO OTHER.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU AND IMPROVED ROSE WASH cures secret and delicate disorders in all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience and no exposure. It is pleasant in taste and odor, immediate in its action, and free from all injurious properties. se9:MWF

WM. BARNHILL & CO.,

BOILER MAKERS

AND

SHEET IRON WORKERS,

Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 Penn St.

Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of Boilers in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Flues, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of BARNHILL'S PATENT BOILERS.

Repairing done on the shortest notice, tolical

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU gives health and vigor to the frame and bloom to the pallid cheek. Debility is accompanied by many distressing symptoms, and if no treatment is submitted to, consumption, insanity, or epileptic fits ensue. se9:MWF

ROBINSON, REA & CO.,

(Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLERS,)

WASHINGTON WORKS,

Pittsburgh.

Foundery and Machinists,

Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions; Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.

Office: No. 12 corner First and Smithfield Sts.

Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding boilers. tal1:182

ENFEEBLED AND DELICATE CONSTITUTION, of both sexes, use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU. It will give brisk and energetic feelings, and enable you to sleep well. se9:MWF

LAKE SUPERIOR

COPPER MILL & SMELTING WORKS.

PITTSBURGH.

PARK, McCURDY & CO.,

Manufacturers of Sheathing, Hraziers' and Bolt Copper, Pressed Copper Bottoms, Babbit Mill Bottoms, Spelter Solder, Ales, importers and Dealers in Metals, Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Wire, &c. Constantly on hand Lamb, Flannel and Tools. Warehouse, No. 140 FIRST STREET and 139 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh. Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. mh26:dwf

TAKE NO MORE UNPLEASANT and UNSAFE REMEDIES for unpleasant and dangerous diseases. Use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU and IMPROVED ROSE WASH. se9:MWF

THE HEALING POOL,

AND HOUSE OF MERCY.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION REPORTS, FOR YOUNG MEN, on the CRIME OF SOLITUDE, and the FRENCH, ABOUT MARRIAGE, which destroy the manly powers, and create impediments to MARRIAGE, with sure means of relief. Both in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. se24:dat

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU is pleasant in taste and odor, free from all injurious properties, and immediate in its action. se9:MWF

QUINCY A. SCOTT,

DENTIST,

*NO. 218 PENN STREET,*

mh26:1y2 PITTSBURGH.

THE GLORY OF MAN IS STRENGTH.—Therefore the nervous and debilitated should immediately use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU. se9:MWF

MANHOOD AND YOUTHFUL VIGOR are regained by HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU. se9:MWF

SHATTERED CONSTITUTIONS RESTORED by HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU. se9:MWF

Cheap Soap! Good Soap!

NATRONA REFINED

SAPONIFIER!

OR

Concentrated Lye.

2 Cts. a lb. for Superior Hard Soap.

TWELVE POUNDS OF SOFT SOAP FOR ONE CENT.

Every Family can Make their Own Soap.

ALL VARIETIES OF SOAP.

As Neatly Made as a Cup of Coffee.

Is a new Concentrated Lye, for making Soap, just discovered in

GREENLAND, IN THE ARCTIC SEAS,

and is composed mainly of Aluminate of Soda, which, when mixed with REFUSE FAT, produces the

BEST DETERSIVE SOAP IN THE WORLD.

1 Box will make 175 lbs. good Soft Soap, or its equivalent in superior Hard Soap.

Retailed by all Druggists and Grocers in the United States.

FULL RECIPES WITH EACH BOX.

Dealers can obtain it wholesale in cases, each containing 48 boxes, at a liberal discount, of the wholesale Grocers and Druggists in all the towns and cities of the United States, or of

CLIFFORD PEMBERTON,

General Agent,

PITTSBURG, PENN.

HOPE SPICE MILLS.

E. E. RIEHART.....C. A. STEVENS.

*RIEHART & STEVENS.*

Successors to J. D. DRANO, manufacturers and Dealers in all kinds of SPICES AND CHOPPED FEED, Nos. 12 and 14 FOURTH ST., Pittsburgh. Pearl Barley, Oat Meal and fresh Corn Meal always on hand. Orders for Spices to order promptly. Wagon will call for Roastings and deliver same. se6:f&MWF

J. D. MATTHEWS,

STAMP AND STENCIL CUTTER,

231 Liberty Street, opposite Wood.

*BRANDING IRONS, STAMPS AND STENCIL MARKING PLATES, ALPHABETS AND FIGURES, in Steel or Copper,* at shortest notice and at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICE.* We defy competition.

AGENTS WANTED. no22:1 44

## CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c

SLEIGH ROBES,

SLEIGH LININGS,

NEW STYLES AND NEW PATTERNS.

Just opened to-day, the finest assortment, the largest stock and cheapest priced

ROBES,

IN THIS MARKET.

Bright and Handsome DRUGGETS and FELTINGS, for Sleigh Linings; CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c., at still LOWER PRICES.

OLIVER McCLINTOCK & COMPANY,

No. 23 FIFTH STREET.

de27

1867. WINTER STOCK. 1867.

CARPETS,

MATTINGS, OIL CLOTH, WINDOW SHADES, DRUGGETS, MEDALLION DRUGGETS, MATS AND RUGS, TABLE AND PIANO COVERS, ALL-WOOL INGRAIN.

A good assortment, at VERY LOW PRICES.

BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,

21 Fifth Street,

de7 (OVER BATES & BELL'S.)

CARPETS AT COST.

For a Short Time.

PREPARATORY TO TAKING STOCK

A Very Large Assortment of

OIL CLOTHS,

Window Shades,

HOLLANDS,

AND

Cheap All-Wool Ingrains,

McCALLUM BROS.,

51 Fifth Street, above Wood.

no30

## TREASURY DEPARTMENT

OF

PENNSYLVANIA.

HARRISBURG, DEC. 18, 1867.

NOTICE

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE

LOANS

OF THE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Due July 1st, 1868,

THE FOLLOWING

LOANS,

Due July 1st, 1868,

WILL BE REDEEMED, WITH INTEREST TO DATE OF PAYMENT, ON PRESENTATION AT THE

Farmers' and Mechanics' National Bank,

OF

PHILADELPHIA,

VIZ:

Loan of March 27th, 1839, due July 1st, 1868.

Loan of July 19th, 1839, due July 1st, 1868.

INTEREST ON THE ABOVE LOANS WILL CEASE ON THE 1st OF JULY, 1868.

FRANCIS JORDAN, Sec'y of State.

JOHN F. HARTRANFT, Aud. General.

W. H. KEMBLE, State Treasurer.

Commissioners of Sinking Fund.

HARRIS & EWING,

Wholesale Druggists,

*Cor. of Liberty & Wayne Sts.,*

PITTSBURGH, PA.

City and Country Trade Solicited. dec3:22

SUGAR TOYS FOR HOLIDAYS.

A LARGE STOCK, WE WILL SELL

As Low as any House in the City,

SHEPHARD'S

Steam Confectionery,

317 Liberty Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ESTABLISHED IN 1842.

J. T. WRAY & BROS.,

SUCCESSORS TO M. CONNOLLY,

STEAM CRACKER BAKERY,

29 and 31 Irwin Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

se30:g8

IRON WORK FOR ALLEGHENY COUNTY WORK HOUSE.

Proposals will be received until the 10TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1868, for the Cast and Wrought Iron required in the erection of the above Institution, in accordance with sample and detailed plans and specifications exhibited at the office of Barr & Mosier, Architects, No. 2 St. Clair St.

GEO. ALBREE, Secretary.
Cor. Wood and Fourth sts., Pittsburgh.
H. S. FLEMING, W. S. BISSELL, } Committee.
de5:17

## FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—Two Lots, each 30 by 100 feet, on Warren street, between Bedford and Webster streets, on which is erected a one-story frame house of four rooms and basement kitchen. On said lots is a well of good water, a bake-oven, some grape vines, &c., which will be sold very low for cash, or exchanged for a small farm, within 80 to 90 miles of this city, near the line of a railroad.

Also, the best Hotel in the Borough of Indiana, the county seat of Indiana county, Pa. This is a large four story brick building, of 54 feet front and a basement under the whole house, and is on the corner of Philadelphia and Church streets, on a lot 96 by 200 feet; and on said premises is a frame house 24 by 36 feet, used as a wood house in the lower story and 9-11 room above; also, a frame stable 30 by 36 feet; also, a half-lot, 50 by 100 feet, on which is a large frame stable, used as a livery stable. The whole property has recently been painted and repaired throughout, and is one of the best locations for a public house in Western Pa., and will be sold very cheap if applied for soon.

Also, a Farm of 125 acres, at half price, to cash customer. This farm is in Derry township, Westmoreland county, Pa., within two miles of Latrobe, a station on the Penna R. R., 30 miles of Pittsburgh, and, under good fencing, the residue 65 acres in good white oak, black oak, hickory, black walnut and locust timber. This is a first-rate farm, in a high state of cultivation, with good and comfortable buildings, a frame house of 8 room s; large barn, 50 by 85 feet, and the coal vein or stone under the whole tract, and is convenient to churches, schools, mills, &c.

For further particulars enquire of

G. H. TOWER,
de12 Real Estate Agent, 184 Fourth St.

2,000,000 ACRES

OF

CHOICE LANDS FOR SALE,

BY THE

Union Pacific Railway Co.,

EASTERN DIVISION,

Lying along the line of their road, at

$4.00 to $5.00 Per Acre,

And on a CREDIT OF FIVE YEARS,

For particulars, maps, &c., address

JOHN P. DEVEREUX,

Land Commissioner, Topeka, Kansas,

Or, CHAS. B. LAMBORN, Sec'y,

St. Louis, Missouri.

au14

WASHINGTON CO. FARM.

FOR SALE—A tract of 400 acres, of which 300 is cleared, and the remainder covered with fine white oak timber. Situated in West Finley township, Washington county, Pa., 6 miles south of West Alexander, and 6 miles from Hanoverton. Is convenient to churches and schools. Has on it two log houses, barn and stable and grain houses; an orchard of eight acres of young apples, pears, peaches, plums, &c. Good water in every field.

APPLY TO

S. S. BRYAN,

Broker in Stock and Real Estate,

au17 Apollo Building, Fourth street.

FRAME COTTAGE,

SITUATE IN MT. WASHINGTON,

Within 25 minutes' walk of the Monongahela bridge. The house contains five rooms, kitchen, cellar and well. Lot 100 feet front by 120 feet deep, fronting on three streets. Has on it 60 fine bearing grape vines, of five different varieties, with all kinds of berry plants, such as gooseberries, blackberries, strawberries and currants; also, peach, apple, quince and cherry trees. Will be sold cheap. Inquire of

STEEL & WILSON,

Brokers and Real Estate Agents,

No. 66 Smithfield street.

de5:tf

FOR SALE OR RENT, CHEAP—A Farm at Carpenter's Station, on the Central Railroad, containing 170 acres, improving, two houses and stables, good orchard; all in pasture and good for cultivation. Also, several other Farms, in good localities and well improved. Will sell all kinds of Real Estate on reasonable terms. Also, a number of good building lots in the city and suburbs.

For further particulars inquire of

WILLIAM WARD,
116 Grant street,
opposite the Cathedral.

A COAL WORKS FOR SALE, capable of running 5,000 bushels daily, including tenant houses, store house, flats, wagon & c. mules, and all the necessary fixtures for a large business and immediate operation. There are 426 acres of coal. This is one of the most valuable works on the Monongahela river will be sold low and on good terms.

Apply to W. A. HERRON, Real Estate Office, No. 35 Grant st., opposite Court House. se17

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE, situated at corner of Duncan and Sobo Streets, Pittsburgh. Lot 24 feet by 100 feet, extending to an alley. The house is two stories high, of five rooms; good cellar; large porch in front; hydrant water on the premises, &c.

Apply to B. MOELVAIN & CO.,
se23 1/2 Fourth street.

## BANKS AND BANKERS.

HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,

Bankers and Brokers,

CORNER THIRD AND WOOD STREETS

PITTSBURGH, PA.

(SUCCESSORS TO HANNA, HART & CO.)

DEALERS IN

Exchange, Coin, Coupons,

And particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

SIGHT DRAFTS ON LONDON. my14:dt

N. HOLMES & SONS,

BANKERS,

No. 57 Market Street,

PITTSBURGH.

Deposits received in Par Funds and Currency. Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.

Stocks, Bonds and Other Securities

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

U. S. Securities,

including U. S. SIXES OF 1881;
do. do. 5-20's;
U. S. FIVES 10-40's.
U. S. CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS,
Orders and Vouchers bought or collected.
ja8:tf

KEYSTONE SAVINGS BANK,

293 Liberty Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

THIS BANK WILL OPEN A

General Banking Business,

AT THEIR NEW BANKING-HOUSE, ON

Monday, November 18th, inst.

Accounts of Banks, Bankers and Merchants are invited.

Collections made on all points in the United States and Canada.

Interest allowed on Time Deposits.

UNITED STATES SECURITIES BOUGHT AND SOLD.

GEO. T. VAN DOREN, Cashier.

WESTERN SAVINGS BANK,

*No. 59 Fourth Street.*

CHARTERED 1866.

Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

Any sum received from One Dollar upwards.

Deposits subject to Check, without interest.

DISCOUNT DAILY, AT 7 O'CLOCK.

President—THOMPSON BELL.
Vice President—A. M. MARSHALL.

DIRECTORS.

THOMPSON BELL, A. M. MARSHALL, JOHN H. DALZELL, JOS. ALBREE.

Stockholders to whom we make REFERENCE:

Wm. Forsythe, Joseph Dilworth,
Wm. Caldwell, Rev. David Kerr,
Willis Dalzell, Henry Lamberi,
D. W. C. Bidwell, A. M. Brown,
E. M. Fulton, Thos. Ewing.

PITTSBURGH

BANK FOR SAVINGS,

Formerly the DIME SAVINGS INSTITUTION

67 Fourth Street,

Nearly Opposite Post Office of Pittsburgh.

CHARTERED IN 1852.

OPEN DAILY, from 9 to 4 o'clock, and on WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS from 6 to 8. On November 1st, 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock.

Book of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office. This institution especially offer to those whose savings are limited, the opportunity to accumulate, by small deposits, easily saved, a sum which will be a resource in old age, and bearing interest instead of remaining unprofective.

Board of Managers:

PRESIDENT:
GEORGE A. BERRY.
VICE PRESIDENTS:
S. H. HARTMAN, JAMES PARK, JR.
SECRETARY AND TREASURER:
D. E. HERRINGTON.

A. BRADLEY, S. S. BELL, JNO. S. DILWORTH, E. FOLLANSBEE, JAS. L. GRAHAM, WM. K. NIMICK, E. RAHN, JOSHUA RHODES, JOHN SCOTT, R. C. SCHMERTZ, CHRISTOPHER ZUG.

SOLICITORS—D. W. & A. S. BELL. mh14:y32

ALLEGHENY

SAVINGS BANK,

ALLEGHENY, PA.

Organized in 1845.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE

Deposits received and six per cent. interest allowed on time deposits. Particular attention given to Collections, and proceeds promptly remitted. Discount Days—Monday and Thursday.

DIRECTORS:

G. Wetzel, T. Stockton,
A. Ackley, Frank Terrace,
Alexander Morse, D. Dehaven,
JAS. L. GRAHAM, President.
JOHN W. RIDDLE, Cashier. my24

S. S. BRYAN,

BROKER IN

BONDS, STOCKS,

AND REAL ESTATE,

*Apollo Building, Fourth St.*

Bank, Insurance and Municipal Bonds, and all kinds of Stocks bought and sold on commission. Mortgages bought and sold. no26

## OIL WORKS & COMPANIES

EUREKA OIL WORKS,

Manufacturers of

Eureka Carbon Oil,

THE CELEBRATED

Sperm Lubricating Oils,

CHEMICAL LINSEED OIL,

Wholesale Dealers in

Crude, Refined and Lubricating Oils; Lard, Sperm, Whale and Fish Oils.

E. C. MACHESNEY, Agent,

19 Irwin Street,

PITTSBURGH.

WARING & KING,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND BROKERS IN

Petroleum and its Products,

Dalzell's Block, Duquesne Way,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

PHILADELPHIA ADDRESS:

WARING, KING & CO.,

137 Walnut St., Phila.

H. M. LONG & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

PURE WHITE BURNING OIL,

Brand—"LUCIFER."

Office, No. 2 Duquesne Way,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

TACK BROTHERS,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND BROKERS IN

Petroleum and its Products,

PITTSBURGH OFFICE—De ny's Building, corner of Duquesne Way and Irwin street.

PHILADELPHIA OFFICE—127 Walnut st.

WM. WIGHTMAN.....D. A. ANDERSON

EAGLE OIL WORKS,

Lawrenceville.

WICHTMAN & ANDERSON,

Refiners and Dealers in

PETROLEUM,

OFFICE, SECOND STORY, CORNER HANCOCK STREET AND DUQUESNE WAY.

J. C. RUFFUM. C. A. KEHEW. W. H. WHITEHEAD

SOHO OIL WORKS,

Manufacture and have for sale all kinds of

LUBRICATING OILS,

No. 187 CLAIR STREET.

BUFFUM, KEHEW & CO.

## PLUMBING, GAS FITTING.

JAMES CAVANAGH.....E. B. EWENS, JR.

CAVANAGH & CO.,

NO. 114 LIBERTY STREET,

(Opposite Hare's Hotel,)

PRACTICAL PLUMBERS, GAS AND STEAM FITTERS

Ale and Beer Pumps, Hydrants, Pumps, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, Block Tin, Wash Stands, Gum Hose, &c. Prompt and faithful attention given to repairing in city and country.

F. L. ATWOOD.....BENSON JONES. J. M'CAFFREY

ATWOOD & M'CAFFREY,

BRASS FOUNDERS,

STEAM AND GAS FITTERS,

Cor. of 3rd and Liberty Streets,

Above Carroll & Snyder's, Pittsburgh, Penna.

Light and Heavy Castings Finished promptly.

Special attention paid to the fitting out and repairing of Oil Refineries, Steamboats, Rolling Mill, &c.

Agents for A. S. Cameron & Co.'s

STEAM PUMPS

AND

BLOWER ENGINES,

These Pumps have superior advantages over all others, and are unsurpassed for simplicity of fashion. Pumps constantly on hand. se25:tf

JOHN M. COOPER.....JOS. KAYE.....HENRY MIES.

JOHN M. COOPER & CO.,

BRASS FOUNDERS,

Steam and Gas Fitters,

Manufacturers of PUMPS AND BRASS WORK of every description; dealers in GAS FIXTURES AND TUBING, of all kinds.

Corner of Pike and Walnut Streets,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

my14:dt

## PAINTERS.

WESLEY COULTER.....JOHN LANE.

COULTER & LANE,

House and Sign Painters,

No. 100 GRANT STREET, Pittsburgh.

(Opposite Cathedral.)

GLASS CARDS done to order.

W. S. ROWLAND.....W. M. HARRIS

ROWLAND & HARRIS,

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTERS,

ORNAMENTAL AND GLAZIERS,

No. 64 DIAMOND, ALLEGHENY,

CALCIMINING done in the best manner.

J. K. HAMILTON, Jr.,

House and Sign Painter,

No. 135 THIRD STREET, Pittsburgh.

Graining, Glazing and Gilding

The Pittsburgh Gazette

## CITY AND SUBURBAN.

### ALLEGHENY COUNCILS.

**Passenger Railway—Report of Committee on Sewerage, Laws &c.**

A regular semi-monthly meeting of Allegheny City Councils was held Thursday evening, Dec. 26th.

SELECT BRANCH.

Members present.—Messrs. Brown, Danver, Drum, English, Gang, Hillerich, Irwin, Motherel Myler, McCormick, Patterson, J. C. Smith, A. D. Smith, Wm. Thomas, and President McBrier.

The minutes of the preceeding meeting were read and approved.

THE CANAL SEWER.

The President read a communication from William Melville, in regard to the assessment on the Canal sewer.

Mr. Irwin, a remonstrance against the payment of assessments on the Canal sewer, from Levi B. Duff and others, protesting against the confirmation of the same.

Mr. J. C. Patterson presented a communication from a number of citizens to the same effect.

The above communications were referred to the Committee on Streets.

CITY HALL SEWERAGE.

Mr. Irwin presented a report from the Committee on City Property in regard to the insufficient sewerage from the City Hall. The Committee recommend the laying of a pipe to connect with the Penitentiary sewer, a distance of one thousand feet. Accompanying the report was a resolution authorizing the same, which was adopted.

CHURCH DAMAGE.

Mr. Motherel presented a bill of $1 1.45 from the M. E. Church, in Manchester, for damage done to their church, by blasting rock in the vicinity of the church for the purpose of laying water pipe. Referred to the Water Committee.

LOCUST STREET OPENING.

The President presented a remonstrance from Jonathan Gallaher against confirmation of the report of the Viewers for the opening of Locust street. Referred to Street Committee.

PASSENGER RAILWAY.

Mr. Myler presented the report of the Committee on Passenger Railways, accompanied by an ordinance granting permission to the Federal street and Pleasant Valley Railway Company to construct a railway over the proposed line.

Mr. Myler moved that the report be received and the ordinance finally passed.

Mr. Motherel moved to amend by receiving the report and laying the ordinance over until next meeting, in order to allow an expression from citizens living along the proposed line of said road.

Mr. Myler said that he could not see the propriety of laying the matter over, as it would not be reached again before the last of February.

Mr. Drum asked for a division of the question, and moved that the report be received, which was adopted.

The question on the final passage of the ordinance was then taken up and discussed by Messrs. Myler, English, Thomas, Drum and others.

Mr. Drum thought it was a matter of general interest to the city, and he feared that by laying it over at this meeting might defeat the measure finally, and he therefore favored its passage.

Mr. Patterson said he would like to know the conditions of the charter of the company before passing the ordinance.

The motion to lay over was lost.

The ordinance was then taken up by sections.

The 1st, 2d, 3d and 4th sections were adopted without discussion.

The fifth section, which provfies that the Company shall be allowed to run their cars for a period of five years free of tax, was then taken up and elicited a lengthy discussion.

Mr. A. D. Smith moved that the portion of the section exempting the road from tax be stricken out, and that the section be so amended as to impose a yearly tax of ten dollars upon each car upon the road from the time of its construction, and called for the yeas and nays on the question. The motion was lost and the section adopted.

The remaining sections were adopted without discussion.

The question on the final adoption of the ordinance as a whole was then taken up.

Mr. A. D. Smith moved to amend by laying it over until next meeting, which was lost.

The ordinance was then adopted, ordered to a third reading, and finally passed.

THE SEWERAGE QUESTION.

Mr. Brown, chairman of a special committee appointed to examine the sewerage laws of the city, presented the report of said committee, which is as follows:

*To the Honorable the Select and Common Councils, City of Allegheny:*

The undersigned having been appointed a Committee to examine the Sewer laws of Allegheny City, or more especially that portion relating to the manner of assessment, and report whether any alterations or amendments were necessary, that a committee of the points in question with the care and consideration that seemed due the importance of the subject, and as the result of their labors beg leave to submit the following report:

In arriving at a plan of taxation for sewerage purposes, the first thing to be considered is the nature of the benefits derived by the construction of the sewers contemplated. It must be admitted that whatever can be done towards improving the sanitary condition of the city—increasing its general healthfulness and adaptability for business purposes, as well as for places of residence, benefits the whole city. The construction of trunk or main sewers to relieve the more depressed portions of its area of storm waters collecting there, and to prevent the poisonous exhalations that would arise therefrom, and infect the surrounding atmosphere, as built as to carry off all the accumulations incident to human life in crowded communities—and also to intercept the storm water in its flow along the slopes to prevent the saturation of the subsoil of the area through which it passes to its channels of discharge, are *improvements of a general character* and affect directly the *welfare* and *prosperity* of the city at large. Anything further than this in the way of drainage seems to confer special rather than general benefit—and assumes a strictly local character, affecting only the property abutting on line of same.

The construction of a sewer for the purpose of draining the street and the property abutting on it, accounts for the immediate removal of all house sewerage—refuse matter from sinks and bath houses—the fecal matter from water closets, privies, &c., and the saving to a good deal pecuniarily to the parties using it, but the thousand and one annoyances incident to the cleaning and overflow of privy wells, choking up of surface drains, and removal of house waste generally. This draining gives great additional comforts—perfects the domestic arrangements and consequently appreciates proportionally the value of the property abutting on it; so that so far as the plan relates to the more effectual drainage or improvement, it is purely local, and should be assessed on the property using it.

Again, in reference to sewerage as a general improvement. Different sections of the city differ widely in their topographical features, and require distinct and separate systems, each adapted to its particular formation. In some districts immediate relief must be provided, in others sewerage construction may be delayed for a longer or shorter time, according to the rapidity with which the district becomes built up, and the class of its improvements.

This leads to the conclusion that the system of taxation must be a mixed one. The arterial drainage is a general improvement and confined properly to districts. The lateral drainage is a special one and confined to property abutting on it.

To arrive at the most equitable plan of assessment of property for sewerage purposes, it will be necessary to take into consideration the natural topography of the ground, and also the present and prospective improvements, as well as what has already been done in the way of assessment of property for such purposes.

It must be conceded that in any plan of sewerage each district or draining basin must have its distinctive system of trunk and lateral sewers, and as these districts vary in size, in the class and nature of their improvements, and the value of their property, to make the assessment *approximately just* in these districts, the levy should be confined within the limits of the district in which these improvements are made. It would be manifestly unjust, for instance, to assess upon property in the Seventh ward, the sewerage of the First, and *vice-versa*.

In the case of lateral sewers a different plan of assessment suggests itself. These lateral or local sewers do not extend their benefits over the whole district, but are special improvements to the property immediately connected with the sewer, and as before mentioned, additional comforts and conveniences in building appointments, and perfecting the domestic arrangements for the removal of the house filth, ordure and refuse water therefrom. These sewers act as improved vehicles for carrying away what would otherwise be only half done by the wheelbarrow and waiter carrier. The improvement becomes a matter of dollars and cents to the property holder, to say nothing of the increased healthfulness of the place.

Suppose, then, to ascertain the size and cost of a sewer capable of carrying off all this house drainage and storm water for a block's length, and apportion that cost on the foot front of all property abutting, and take this rate as the basis for assessment of local sewers. We then make the property actually improved pay the cost of construction. The rate should be set at a fraction above the actual cost to allow for contingencies, say $1,50 per foot front be assessed on all property abutting on the line of sewer constructed. Under this plan for payment of expenses of construction, (making allowance for corner lots,) this would only leave the district to be taxed to the amount to cover the cost of the main sewers; and as these main sewers also give means of disposal for house sewerage and drainage of all improvements of property abutting thereon, this property should be assessed the *local rate* in addition to the *pro-rata* tax on the district for the construction of these sewers for the increased benefits received.

What is required in the way of legislation is:

1st. Authority for the city to divide the city area into drainage districts—to fix a plan of sewerage for these districts—to levy a *pro rata* tax upon the superficial area of the property within the limits of the district to defray expense of construction of main sewers, or such portions thereof as may from time to time be constructed, (sewers over certain calibre to be considered mains.)

2d. Power to assess, for apportionment of expense of construction of all other public sewers, all property fronting or abutting on streets or highways upon which such sewers are constructed, the local rate (say $1,50) per foot front; and further, to assess this local rate on all property abutting on line of main sewers, whenever such are constructed, in addition to the *pro rata* tax for such sewers for the increased facilities afforded for removing house sewerage.

3d. Power to make such alterations and changes in existing sewers as will secure uniformity to general plan and the more efficient service of said sewers.

4th. Power to provide for and control the construction of private drains, the making of house connections, the taping of sewers and the matter of privileges of public and private sewers and drains.

5th. Power to exonerate parties owning property off the line of existing sewers, who have already paid tax for construction of sewerage, from payment of district taxes for further construction of sewage, till such time as the amount of their *pro rata* assessment under proposed plan shall equal the amount paid by them under the old law.

6th. Power to make the assessment for construction of any of the public sewers of the city as soon as the same shall be put under contract, said assessment to be made from the Engineer's estimate of the cost of such sewer or sewers.

7th. Power to authorize payments by monthly instalments of a certain percentage on sewerage contracts.

8th. Authority in constructing public sewers to construct such additions to the same as Council shall deem expedient, and furnish the proper plans of connection with the private drains or sewers to be hereafter constructed, the cost of these additions and plans of connection to be assessed on the lots for whose benefit these additions are made.

9th. Authority to construct main sewers or any portion thereof whenever Councils shall deem necessary, (all over certain calibre to be considered main sewers,) with provision that the construction of sewer other than mains shall not be entered on unless petitioned for by at least two-thirds of the property holders having property on the street to be sewered.

JNO. BROWN, JR.
A. H. ENGLISH,
ALLEN REX. PATTERSON,
JOHN MEGRAW,
JOHN KIRKPATRICK,
CHAS. DAVIS.

The report was accepted.

Mr. Brown moved that the Committee be authorized to prepare a bill to be presented at the next session of the Legislature, embodying the recommendations made by the Committee in the above report. The motion was adopted.

On motion of Mr. Myler, the report of the Viewers on the canal sewer was referred to the Committee on Streets and Sewers.

The report of the Viewers on the opening of Locust street, was laid over till the next meeting.

The report of the Viewers on Evan alley was confirmed.

In all of which action the Common Council concurred.

Councils adjourned.

COMMON COUNCIL.

Members present: Messrs. Cutler, Dunham, Drennan, Dill, Hanna, Ingham, Kirkwood, Megraw, Meany, Moul, McDonald, McNeill, Reel, Voeghtly, Windsor and President Riddle.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

NEW HOSE COMPANY.

Mr. Reed presented a petition from the Southwark Hose Company of the Sixth ward, asking that it be recognized as a portion of the fire department of the city, and furnished with a house and apparatus. Read and referred to Committee on Engines.

THE CANAL SEWER.

Mr. Megraw presented a petition from the citizens of the Fourth ward, in regard to the assessments for the construction of the Canal Sewer, and asking that the report of the viewers be not confirmed at present. Referred to the Committee on Streets and Sewers.

Mr. Hanna presented a petition from residents of the First ward, protesting against the confirmation of the report of the Board of Viewers of the Canal Sewer. Same reference.

Mr. Kirkpatrick presented a protest signed by Mr. Isaac Craig, against the assessment of a tax for the construction of the Canal Sewer. Same reference.

WATER LINES.

Mr. Megraw presented a communication from Major Wm. Wade, which had been addressed to Mayor Morrison, stating that earth and cinders are placed outside of the established grade lines in the Fifth ward, Pittsburgh, and that new buildings are erected thereon, forcing the water against the opposite shore, to the damage of property. He stated that the practicability of the plan of having water lines not being fully expressed in the act nor so clearly understood by parties directly interested as contemplated by the Mayor in his communication suggested that the Councils apply to the Legislature for an explanatory act defining more exactly its true meaning and effect. The form of such an act was also enclosed. The communication was referred to the Committee on Wharves and Landings, in conjunction with the Water Committee and the latter instructed to inquire into the alleged defects in said act, and if found to exist to propose a remedy.

STREET IMPROVEMENTS.

Mr. Dill presented a remonstrance against the grading and paving of Taggart street, in the Second ward, at present. Referred to the Committee on Streets and Sewers.

Mr. Drennan presented a remonstrance from residents of Taylor alley, against placing curb stone on said alley, it being only twenty feet wide, and the the change not desired by the property holders on that thoroughfare. Referred to Committee on Streets and Sewers.

THE CANAL ST. WAR AGAIN.

Mr. Dill offered a resolution instructing the Committee on Streets and Sewers to meet at the Canal street sewer on Friday.

Mr. Dill stated that a large number of petitions and remonstrances had been presented to Councils in regard to this sewer, and he feared they would receive proper attention. All that Councils were required to do was to give the people justice. Those who considered themselves aggrieved could be present at that time and consult with the Committee.

Mr. Megraw, Chairman of the Committee, opposed the motion, as the people could not be notified in time. He thought the time of the meeting should be extended.

Mr. Dill said that the notice would appear in the papers with the proceedings of Councils. He would not, however, be particular in regard to the day.

Mr. McNeill said the people only wanted time to examine into the assessments and see that they were equitable and just. Some had examined them and were satisfied that the assessments had not been made fairly.

The resolution was amended, substituting Monday for Friday, after which it was adopted.

WEST PENN. R. R.

Mr. Drennan presented a report from Mr. Davis, City Engineer, in relation to the alleged occupation by the Western Pennsylvania Railroad Company of a portion of East Lane. The report stated that the wall erected by the railroad company extended upon the lane, and that the company had been notified by the City Engineer that such was the case while it was in course of erection. The report was read and referred to the Committee on Streets, with power to act.

In all of which action the S. C. concurred.

On motion adjourned.

**The Apocalypse** at Masonic Hall seems to be more than a success. Immense and enthusiastic crowds are nightly drawn to witness these marvellous tableaux, while hundreds of the little folks, and as many large ones are made happy and joyous with the amusements of Christmas afternoon and night, seemed doubly compensated by the general glow of satisfaction which beamed from their countenances, as one by one their numbered programmes were called, and the genial Doctor handed over the coveted prizes. As a means of advertising this beautiful work, of art, the management have hit upon the plan of giving away to each and every exhibition a large number of elegant and costly presents. By reference to the advertisement in another column, our readers will see that there will be given away in connection with many other valuable articles, one night this this week, one of Wheeler's and Wilson's Sewing Machines. There will be one this afternoon on Saturday, and we predict a well packed house. The Masonic Hall is open every night. Tickets may be purchased during the day at the Hall. Admission 25 cents.

**Maintaining a Nuisance.**—Francis Rogers made information before Alderman Strain, yesterday, charging Jas. McKee with maintaining a nuisance. The parties reside in adjoining houses on Wylie street, and is alleged that the defendant's cellar is filled with water and filth, which he allows to remain there to the great danger of the health of those living in the neighborhood. A warrant was issued.

**Felonious Assault and Battery.**—John Shook made information before Justice Covert, of Lawrenceville, yesterday, charging George Dunn with felonious assault and battery. He alleges that he was attacked by the defendant, and struck upon the head with a "billy" which knocked him down. Dunn was arrested, and after a hearing, was held to bail in the sum of fifteen hundred dollars for his appearance at Court, in default of which he was committed to jail.

**Aggravated Assault and Battery.**—Henry Bollinger made information before Alderman Strain yesterday, charging Reuben Henderson with aggravated assault and battery. The difficulty occurred in East Deer township, where the parties reside. The prosecutor alleges that he was passing quietly and peaceably along the highway on horseback, when he was attacked by the defendant who struck him over the head with a piece of plank and then threw stones at him. He was arrested and held for trial.

**City Councils.**—The Pittsburgh Councils will assemble at City Building this morning at nine o'clock for the purpose of attending the funeral, in a body, of City Controller McCargo, which will take place at ten o'clock.

**A disgraceful** fight took place on Fifth street on Christmas day. The police put in an appearance and arrested the principal parties.

## CITY ITEMS.

**The Great Western Gun Works—Re-opening at No. 250 Liberty Street, With an Entire new Stock.**

Mr. J. H. Johnston, proprietor of the Great Western Gun Works, recently destroyed by fire, respectfully announces to his friends and the public generally that he has secured the commodious sales room, No. 250 Liberty street, in the Academy of Music building, and resumed his business with an elegant, large and judiciously selected stock of new goods. The stock embraces guns, pistols, revolvers, cartridges, rifles and all the accoutrements known to sporting men. The rifles and shot guns in store, suitable for hunting purposes, are very superior, and are offered to the wholesale and retail trade at remarkably cheap prices. Mr. Johnston's stock of fixed ammunition, powder cases, cartridges, hunting pouches, flasks, &c., will commend itself to those desiring to purchase anything in the line. We trust that our readers will not fail giving the Great Western Gun Works, at their new quarters, a purchasing visit.

**"Barker's** Great Sale Continued."

**An Acceptable Present.**

Nothing could so please the heart of a smoker than a Christmas present in the way of an elegant meerschaum, cigar tube, tobacco pouch or a box of delicious Havana cigars. Mr. G. Blumenschein, No. 4 Seventh street, has an elegant assortment of Meerschaum Pipes, Tubes, Cigar Cases, Snuff Boxes, Briarwood and Clay Pipes, &c. Besides, he has a large stock of cigars and tobacco, of all the favorite brands. The stock is a large sold off at very low prices, and devotees of the weed, who desire a good cigar, or choice brand of chewing tobacco, will find Blumenschein's establishment fully prepared to supply their wants. It may be proper to state that the Meerschaum Pipes, some of which are of handsome designs, are warranted genuine, so that parties purchasing may rely upon obtaining to such a pipe as the proprietor represents.

**"Barker's** Great Sale Continued."

**Every** mother who regards the life and health of her child should possess Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It is an old and well tried remedy. It relieves the child from pain, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, cures wind colic, regulates the stomach and bowels, and by giving rest and health to the child, comforts the mother. Offices, 215 Fulton street, New York, and 205 High holborn, London, England. Be sure and call for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

**"Barker's** Great Sale Continued."

**Time, trouble** and money might be saved by purchasing at 112 Federal street, prime Canned Fruits, Vegetables, Cooking and Dessert Raisins, Prunes, Currants, Citron, Figs, Extracts, Preserves, Peach and Quince Jams, Orange Marmalade, Condensed Milk, Extract of Beef, Chocolates, English and American Pickles, Spiced Oysters and a Saloon, Essence of Shrimps, Anchovies and Anchovy Paste, Extra Fine Cream Bonbons, all kinds of Nuts, Candies, Taffies, Dates, Primellas, with a fine lot of new Pears, Blackberries and Pineapples in glass jars, Olive Oil, Chinese Ginger and Walnut Candy. GEORGE BRAVES,
6t 112 Federal street, Allegheny.

**"Barker's** Great Sale Continued."

**Down** among the dead men are, at this moment, thousands who might have been alive and well had they used that great life preserver, Hantation Bitters. Let the living lay it to heart that they are the best tonic and alterative in the world, positive remedies for curing dyspepsia, stomach derangements, and general debility. As a delicious cordial, combined with great tonic virtues, their equal cannot be found.

Delicate Females, Clergymen, Merchants, Lawyers and persons of sedentary habits—particularly those who are weak and suffer with mental depression, are greatly benefitted by these Bitters.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—A delightful toilet article—superior to Cologne, and at half the price. MWF:F

**"Barker's** Great Sale Continued."

**Something Good.**—The boots, shoes, &c., for men, ladies and children, kept at 80 Market street, are made of the very best material, and sold as low as the lowest. All goods are warranted to give satisfaction. If you want something good, and at gold prices, call at Robb's Shoe House, 80 market street.

**"Barker's** Great Sale Continued."

**To Wholesale Buyers** of Dry Goods we are offering special inducements—job lots from the Eastern Auction sales of Fancy Dress Goods, Housekeeping Goods, Men's Wear, Sheetings, Shirtings, Prints, &c. J. W. BARKER & Co.,
59 Market street.

**"Barker's** Great Sale Continued."

**Shawls,** Sontags, Hoods, Nubias, Scarfs, &c., a good assortment very cheap, wholesale and retail, at Wm. Semple's, 180 and 182 Federal street, Allegheny.

**"Barker's** Great Sale Continued."

**Shirt Fronts,** Irish Linen, Pillow Case Muslin, &c., good stock, wholesale and retail, at Wm. Semple's, 180 and 182 Federal street, Allegheny.

**"Barker's** Great Sale Continued."

**Men's Undershirts and Drawers,** a good selection at low prices, wholesale and retail, at Wm. Semple's, 180 and 182 Federal street, Allegheny.

**"Barker's** Great Sale Continued."

**Go** to the corner of Penn and St. Clair streets, Singer's Sewing Machine store, for the latest style of Ladies' Winter Cloaks.

**"Barker's** Great Sale Continued."

**At $1.00.**—A good quantity of Waterproof Cloth at Wm. Semple's, 180 and 182 Federal street, Allegheny.

**"Barker's** Great Sale Continued."

**The Pittsburgh** Cloak and Mantilla store is the only reliable cloak house in Pittsburgh. It is at No. 73 Market street.

**"Barker's** Great Sale Continued."

**Selling** at a great reduction, that large stock of ladies furs at Wm. Fleming's, No. 139 Wood street.

**"Barker's** Great Sale Continued."

**Muffs,** Berthas and Collars, cheap, wholesale and retail, at Wm. Semple's, 180 and 182 Federal street, Allegheny.

**"Barker's** Great Sale Continued."

**At 12½**—An extra quantity of Bleached Muslin at Wm. Semple's, 180 and 182 Federal street, Allegheny.

**"Barker's** Great Sale Continued."

**Every** lady of good taste, when she wants a cloak, always goes to Spence's, No. 73 Market street.

**"Barker's** Great Sale Continued."

**Call and examine** the large stock of ladies furs at Wm. Fleming's, No. 139 Wood street.

**"Barker's** Great Sale Continued."

**Call and Examine** the large and complete stock of Ladies' Furs, at William Fleming's, No. 139 Wood street. tf

**"Barker's** Great Sale Continued."

**Dr. Aborn** will be professionally at his rooms, Smithfield street, from January 15th to the 20th.

**"Barker's** Great Sale Continued."

**Constitution Water** is a certain cure for Diabetes and all diseases of the kidneys. For sale by all druggists. MWF.

**Spence** keeps the prettiest, cheapest and most stylish Winter Wraps west of New York.

**Bargains** in ladies furs at Wm. Fleming's, No. 139 Wood street.

**Universalist Fair and Festival** at City Hall every night this week. TF

**Bargains** in Ladies' Furs, at William Fleming's, No. 139 Wood street. tf

**Grand Promenades** at City Hall from 10 to 12 every evening this week. TF.

**Bargains** in ladies furs at William Fleming's, No. 139 Wood street.

**At No. 73** Market street is the place for cheap winter cloaks.

**Great Reduction**—At Wm. Fleming's, No. 139 Wood street, in ladies furs.


**PH. R. MERTZ,**
**BANKER AND BROKER,**
118 Wood St., near corner of Fifth.
**Government Securities**
**Gold, Silver,**
**And Coupons,**
bought and sold on liberal terms. Drafts sold on all the principal cities of Europe.

**CONVERSION OF 7-30'S.**
We are now prepared to convert the
**SECOND AND THIRD SERIES 7-30's**
INTO THE
**New 1867 5-20 Gold Coupon Bonds.**
**JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,**
Dealers in Government Securities,
**Corner Fourth & Wood Streets.**

**IRA B. McVAY & CO.,**
**Bankers.**
AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
**Cor. Fourth and Smithfield Streets.**
We will give holders of JUNE AND JULY SEVEN-THIRTIES the interest at 7 3-10 per cent. to January 1st, and pay down in GREENBACKS
**5-20 BONDS OF 1867,**
interest IN GOLD at 6 per cent. from that date.
IRA B. McVAY & CO.

**JAMES DALZELL & SON,**
**69 and 70 Water Street,**
**LARD OIL MANUFACTURERS,**
And dealers in CRUDE, LUBRICATING and CARBON OILS.
We warrant our No. 1 Lard Oil equal to the best Steamboat, or other brands, and propose to sell to low as Cincinnati or Chicago rates.
Our No. 2 Lard Oil is a Lubricator cannot be excelled.
Dock Crest Lubricating and standard brands of Carbon Oil constantly on hand.
Merchants and manufacturers will find it to their interest to give us a call before ordering Lard Oil from the West. 419

**CONSUMPTION.**
**A SURE CURE FOR CONSUMPTION.**
Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Influenza, Whooping Cough, and all Throat and Lung Diseases.
**BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES**
Have received the highest testimonials from Physicians and Singers who have used them. Sold by druggists throughout the world at 25 cents per box.


## FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY, December 24, 1867.

In the absence of any commercial news from London, gold remained stationary to-day, opening at 134½, and declining to 134¾. Government bonds are unchanged; 5-20s of 1862 declined ¼ per cent.; the balance of the list is steady without any activity. The demand for money causes many to realize who formerly got bank accommodations for a short time whenever needed at a less rate of interest than the government paid them, but the banks are all short of money and can take but little new paper. A large amount of paper is on the street offered at rates at which the parties themselves could not offer it without serious damage to their credit.

The stock market remains firm, and is higher in most of the western shares. Bank stocks are offered freely at reduced quotations, and are likely to yield still more to the pressure for money.

Closing New York quotations, received by Ph. R. Mertz, were as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| Gold, 134¾; 1881's, 112¾; 5-20s, 1862, 108; 1864, 106¾; 1865, 106¾; Consols, 93; 10-40s, 101½; 7-30s, 104⅝. | |
| Cleveland & Pittsburgh R. R. | 87¾ |
| Merchants' Union Express | 99½ |
| Western Union Telegraph | 70 |
| Erie R. R. | 72⅝ |
| Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago R. R. | 96½ |
| Northwestern Railroad—common | 70¾ |
| Northwestern—preferred | 71¾ |
| New York Central | 117¾ |
| Ohio and Mississippi Certificates | 30¼ |
| Michigan Southern | 89¼ |
| Reading | 95¾ |
| Quartz | 35 |
| Quicksilver | 39 |

—The funding scheme of the Senate finance committee announced in the report and bill submitted by Mr. Sherman, last week, elicits considerable comment in financial circles, and generally in a spirit of disapproval. Taxation of the bonds appears to be objected to in interested quarters, as might be expected, but it must be admitted that the idea of so large a portion of the capital of the country escaping taxation as is now the case, is one that the general public cannot reasonably be expected to be satisfied with; and the fact that Washington that a majority of the House is in favor of some kind of taxation of United States securities. To create or issue a new loan would of course involve considerable expense, and on this point the New York *Journal of Commerce*, a leader of conservatism, who sees no reason for negotiating the public debt by the issue of new bonds," plainly puts the matter in the following reply:

"No reason, we are at a reason in the bill now reported equal to one per cent. upon the entire amount to be negotiated. The reason will apply to the bonds now in circulation unpaid. If the bonds were a barrel of flour, and the Treasury agent the miller entitled to half every time he grinds, there would be motive for regrinding if every year would be no more than a year's grist. The more unsophisticated our venerable correspondent must be, to be sure."

The idea conveyed is forced on the mind by reading the committee's bill and report.

In this connection also the *Journal of Commerce* had one or two other New York papers keep up frequent allusion to the fact that certain interested brokers have quite too much private business to do for the United States Treasury, and are now engaged in the exchange of the National securities. The Secretary of the Treasury, would at all events, stop all evil and jealous complaint, as well as vindicate those who have most confidence in his purity, justice and impartiality, by making the business of the office as carefully interpretable, so that there could not be even a suspicion of unfairness in this or any other partiecular connected with his office.

—The foreign exchange operations in New York last week seemed to indicate a movement on the part of British capitalists to get funds on this side, and the *Evening Post* says:

"The appearance on the market of £250,000 in foreign bills drawn last week on Baring by Stark & Co., of Liverpool, is rather startling. The collaterals for this amount as well as for other large sums that have been drawn, are asked for elsewhere, are supposed to be 5-20s, to which some of the leading London houses are known to have given special attention lately. The advance in our securities reported by cable is now interpreted as having some connection with this movement of capital."

—The Philadelphia *Press* says: Our banks are in a prosperous condition, and are making but few loans. The only class of customers are those who have been carried over going days are to extraordinary length. A few somewhat unexpected failures have already called the attention of the managers of our banks to the general character of paper offered, and the old national bank would undoubtedly pay a small percentage of what Mr. Butler terms its most profitable business, if it could do so possible. The depositors are quiet and unconcerned. Receipts wheat 6,000 bu; market nominally unchanged. Rye quiet and steady; sales of 1,000 bu State, at railroad depot, at $1,45, and 20,000 bu Canada West, now on canal, at $1,45. Malt steady; sales of 850 bu at $1,30. Receipts corn 11,000 bu; the market is without decided change; new is rather easier; sales of 20,000 bu at $1,08@1,09 for old and $1,02@1,03 for new afloat, $1,02@1,04 for new yellow Jersey, $1,20 for choice new white southern, and $1,05@1,07 for very choice do. receipts oats 250 bu; the market is dull; sales of 34,000 bu at 83@84c for western in store, and 86c buyers' option for first fifteen days in January. Rye dull, inactive and nominal; quiet; sales of 200 bbls and 200 boxes at 11¼@12c. Molasses dull. Hops quiet; sales at 30@35c for American. Petroleum steady; sales of 1,000 bbls crude at 20c; refined bonded, Coal steady and in moderate demand. Leather; Hemlock sole is somewhat easier; sales of 200 sides; Oak quiet and steady. Wool; low grades in good demand and firm; other grades dull and heavy. Pork; the demand is fair for domestic. Pork quiet and steady; sales of 800 bbls, at $22,00@22,50 for mess, $19,75@20,00 for prime mess; $14@15,50 for prime and $18,50@19,00 for extra prime. Beef quiet and unchanged. Cut meats quiet and unchanged. Lard steady at 12¾@13c for prime to choice winter. Tallow quiet and steady at 9¾@10c. Whiskey quiet and steady at 98c@$1.

Ph. R. Mertz, were as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| Gold, 134¾; 1881's, 112¾; 5-20s, 1862, 108; 1864, 106¾; 1865, 106¾; Consols, 93; 10-40s, 101½; 7-30s, 104⅝. | |
| Cleveland & Pittsburgh R. R. | 87¾ |
| Merchants' Union Express | 99½ |
| Western Union Telegraph | 70 |
| Erie R. R. | 72⅝ |
| Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago R. R. | 96½ |
| Northwestern Railroad—common | 70¾ |
| Northwestern—preferred | 71¾ |
| New York Central | 117¾ |
| Ohio and Mississippi Certificates | 30¼ |
| Michigan Southern | 89¼ |
| Reading | 95¾ |
| Quartz | 35 |
| Quicksilver | 39 |

—The funding scheme of the Senate finance committee announced in the report and bill submitted by Mr. Sherman, last week, elicits considerable comment in financial circles, and generally in a spirit of disapproval. Taxation of the bonds appears to be objected to in interested quarters, as might be expected, but it must be admitted that the idea of so large a portion of the capital of the country escaping taxation as is now the case, is one that the general public cannot reasonably be expected to be satisfied with; and the fact that Washington that a majority of the House is in favor of some kind of taxation of United States securities. To create or issue a new loan would of course involve considerable expense, and on this point the New York *Journal of Commerce*, a leader of conservatism, who sees no reason for negotiating the public debt by the issue of new bonds," plainly puts the matter in the following reply:

"No reason, we are at a reason in the bill now reported equal to one per cent. upon the entire amount to be negotiated. The reason will apply to the bonds now in circulation unpaid. If the bonds were a barrel of flour, and the Treasury agent the miller entitled to half every time he grinds, there would be motive for regrinding if every year would be no more than a year's grist. The more unsophisticated our venerable correspondent must be, to be sure."

The idea conveyed is forced on the mind by reading the committee's bill and report.

In this connection also the *Journal of Commerce* had one or two other New York papers keep up frequent allusion to the fact that certain interested brokers have quite too much private business to do for the United States Treasury, and are now engaged in the exchange of the National securities. The Secretary of the Treasury, would at all events, stop all evil and jealous complaint, as well as vindicate those who have most confidence in his purity, justice and impartiality, by making the business of the office as carefully interpretable, so that there could not be even a suspicion of unfairness in this or any other partiecular connected with his office.

—The foreign exchange operations in New York last week seemed to indicate a movement on the part of British capitalists to get funds on this side, and the *Evening Post* says:

"The appearance on the market of £250,000 in foreign bills drawn last week on Baring by Stark & Co., of Liverpool, is rather startling. The collaterals for this amount as well as for other large sums that have been drawn, are asked for elsewhere, are supposed to be 5-20s, to which some of the leading London houses are known to have given special attention lately. The advance in our securities reported by cable is now interpreted as having some connection with this movement of capital."

—The Philadelphia *Press* says: Our banks are in a prosperous condition, and are making but few loans. The only class of customers are those who have been carried over going days are to extraordinary length. A few somewhat unexpected failures have already called the attention of the managers of our banks to the general character of paper offered, and the old national bank would undoubtedly pay a small percentage of what Mr. Butler terms its most profitable business, if it could do so possible. The depositors are quiet and unconcerned. Receipts wheat 6,000 bu; market nominally unchanged. Rye quiet and steady; sales of 1,000 bu State, at railroad depot, at $1,45, and 20,000 bu Canada West, now on canal, at $1,45. Malt steady; sales of 850 bu at $1,30. Receipts corn 11,000 bu; the market is without decided change; new is rather easier; sales of 20,000 bu at $1,08@1,09 for old and $1,02@1,03 for new afloat, $1,02@1,04 for new yellow Jersey, $1,20 for choice new white southern, and $1,05@1,07 for very choice do. receipts oats 250 bu; the market is dull; sales of 34,000 bu at 83@84c for western in store, and 86c buyers' option for first fifteen days in January. Rye dull, inactive and nominal; quiet; sales of 200 bbls and 200 boxes at 11¼@12c. Molasses dull. Hops quiet; sales at 30@35c for American. Petroleum steady; sales of 1,000 bbls crude at 20c; refined bonded. Coal steady and in moderate demand. Leather; Hemlock sole is somewhat easier; sales of 200 sides; Oak quiet and steady. Wool; low grades in good demand and firm; other grades dull and heavy. Pork; the demand is fair for domestic. Pork quiet and steady; sales of 800 bbls, at $22,00@22,50 for mess, $19,75@20,00 for prime mess; $14@15,50 for prime and $18,50@19,00 for extra prime. Beef quiet and unchanged. Cut meats quiet and unchanged. Lard steady at 12¾@13c for prime to choice winter. Tallow quiet and steady at 9¾@10c. Whiskey quiet and steady at 98c@$1.

## Financial Matters in New York.

**Gold Closed at 134.**

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, Dec. 26, 1867.

MONEY AND GOLD.

Money is easy and steady at 6 per cent. for call loans. Sterling is firm at 110@110¾. gold, for first class bills. Gold is a shade firmer, opening at 134, advancing to 134¾, declining to 134⅝, and closing at 134¾.

EXPORTS OF SPECIE.

The Russia, for Liverpool, yesterday took $1,062,975 in specie, including $372,475 in gold and silver bars; the balance, except $50,000, was American coin. The Union, for Bremen, to-day took about $ 60,000 in specie.

GOVERNMENT STOCKS.

Government Stocks are quiet and firm. Coupons 6's, 112¾@113; do '62, 108¾@108¾; do '64, 106¾@106¾; do '65, 106¾@106¾; do new, 106¾@106¾; do '67, 106¾@106¾; Ten-Forties, 101½; Seven-Thirties, 105¾@105¾.

STOCKS.

Stocks were active and higher for Erie, New York Central and Preferred, when were the features of the day. In Ohio Cert. indicates the advance in the market made express stocks dull. Canton 56¾@54, Cumberland 34@34¼, Quicksilver 39@39¼, Mariposa 16¾@17, Ameria 77¼@78¼, Adams 79@79¾, United States 79@79¾, Merchants' Union 92¼@93¾, Quicksilver 39@39¼, Mariposa 16¾@17, Ameria 77¼@78¼, Adams 79@79¾, United States 79@79¾, Merchants' Union 92¼@93¾, Pacific Mail 109¾@109¾, Atlantic 119¾@119¾, Western Union 70¾@70¾, New York Central 117¾@117¾, Erie 72¾@73¾, Hudson 132¼@132¾, Reading 96¾@96¾, Ohio Certificates 29¾@29¾, Mich. Southern 89¼@89¼, Preferred 97¾@98, Michigan Central—no quotations, Illinois Central 120¾@120¾, Illinois Central Scrip 95¾@96¾, Pittsburgh 87¾@87¾, Toledo 93¼@93¾, Rock Island 87¾, Northwestern 57¾, Ft. Wayne 93¼@93¾, Wabash 41¾@41¾, Missouri 6's, 79¾@80, Cleveland & Pittsburgh 90, New Tennessee 62¾, old do 60.

MINING SHARES.

Mining shares dull and lower. Ebonda 130, Quartz Hill 87@88, Waikill 41, Gregory 39, Sutro Tunnel 6, Corydon 29@32, Edge Hill 33⅝, Smith & Parmelee 20@—.

SUB TREASURY.

Receipts of Sub Treasury $1,803,070; payments $951,255; balance $104,322,625.

## Cincinnati Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CINCINNATI, Dec. 26.—Flour is dull but prices are not lower; nominally $10.75@11.00; extra, $9.75@10.25. Wheat is quiet and there is not much done; No. 1. red nother is $2.50; No. 1 spring, $2.35. Corn is in light supply and the market firmer and prices are higher; closing at 59@60c. Oats is dull at 43c. Rye is $1.30@1.35. Barley is nominal. Timothy seed is $3.